

Grade 11

Third Term Test 2023(2024)

62 E I,II

CITIZENSHIP EDUCATION I, II

Time : 03 Hours

Answer all the questions.

01. Due to act accordance with the contribution in a democratic country,
 1. ruler recieve the protection of law.
 2. everyone equally recieves the protection of law.
 3. ruler being arbitrary is reduced.
 4. ruler get to know about the rights of the citizens.
02. What is a role of the opposition of a country?
 1. Approval of all the activities done by the government.
 2. Criticizing the government always.
 3. Assisting the government in their all the policies.
 4. Acting to establish a better alternative government.
03. The last objective of giving right in a democratic society is,
 1. Social betterment through personal development.
 2. fulfilling duties related to rights
 3. let people to complete their lives.
 4. providing every individual with equal opportunities.
04. " The state is an organization established by the people to live happily and honorably" The statement was made by,

1. Professor Garner	2. T.H. Green	3. Aristotle	4. Plato
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05. The authority that can be applied for the sake of the public without the intervention of any particular internal or external force is,

1. sovereignty	2. administrative power
3. autonomous power	4. political power
06. The assignment of the executive, legislative and judicial powers vested in the central government to local government bodies is known as,

1. the decentralization of power	2. the devolution of power
3. handing over the power	4. shifting of power
07. Who does the coordination between the provincial councils and the central government in Sri Lanka?

1. Chief Minister	2. The President	3. The Ministers	4. The Governor
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08. Which is the country whose states are named as Congress?

1. United states of America	2. Swisterland	3. India	4. Australia
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09. A reason on collapsing social justice in any country is,
 1. power becoming necessarily centralized
 2. efficiency of governance
 3. bureaucracy.
 4. not politicization of public service.

10. The theme of the multicultural countries at present is,
1. One country for one nation.
 2. Unity amidst diversity
 3. Respecting cultural identity
 4. delevelop mutality
11. Select the answer which contains the names of philosophers who presented definitions on culture.
1. T.B. Tylor and Sealer
 2. Hermen J. Fainer and Aristotle
 3. Charles A. Elwood and J.R. Lowel
 4. T.B. Tylor and charles A. Elwood
12. What is the next question which a producer has to face in an economy after the question how much of it is to be produced?
1. For whom is it produced
 2. How is it prodeuced
 3. What is to be produced
 4. In which field is it produced?
13. Goods and services that are utilized for the wants and needs of individuals are called,
1. consumer goods
 2. intermediate goods
 3. capital goods
 4. investment goods
14. A feature of a market economy in Sri Lanka is,
1. Encouragement of private sector
 2. Barriers for foriegn trade
 3. Exchange rates are done by state sector.
 4. The value of rupee is decided by the state sector.
15. What is a matter that should be considered in sustainable development?
1. Less attention on basic needs
 2. Not being consonant with the future generation
 3. Not concerning on the environment
 4. Social security
16. What is a country who is a member of South Asian Preferential Trade Agreement (SAPTA)?
1. France
 2. Britain
 3. Pakistan
 4. Canada
17. Universal conflicts are,
1. individual's conflicts
 2. Conflicts among families
 3. Conflicts among countries
 4. Conflicts between individuals
18. An advantage of resolving conflicts peacefully is,
1. Political instability
 2. national integrity
 3. Increasing mental stress
 4. collapsing economy
19. Select the answer which has the situation that arbitration can be used.
- A - Conflicts on finance
 - B - Family disputes
 - C - Employee conflicts
 - D - Disciplinary inquiries
 - E - Personal conflicts
1. ABC
 2. BCD
 3. CDE
 4. ACD
20. Select the false statement regarding law.
1. Not knowing law is a matter of freedom
 2. The law which is exercised in Sri Lanka is Roman Dutch law.
 3. Everyone in a country is under the law
 4. The other concept which is bound with law is justice.
21. The correct statement regarding the Judicial Service Commission is,
1. It is an institution which is established to keep the independance of the judiciary
 2. It is consisted with five members.
 3. Its members are appointed by the Attorney General
 4. Its tenure is four years.

22. The judges are appointed for the higher judicial institutions in Sri Lanka by,
 1. the Chief Justice
 2. the Attorney General
 3. the President under the approval of constitutional council
 4. the Minister of Judiciary under the guidance of the President.
23. The law which acts for the offences done by an individual or group of individuals against society in Sri Lanka is,
 1. criminal law 2. civil law 3. basic law 4. constitutional law
24. When did Sri Lanka become an independent sovereign republic?
 1. 1833 2. 1948 3. 1972 4. 1978
25. The official name which the legislature was named under the Donoughmore Reforms in 1931 is,
 1. the parliament 2. the national state council 3. senate 4. the state council
- **Answer the questions 26 and 27 using the following statements.**
 A - Making laws
 B - Controlling public services
 C - Foreign affairs
 D - Safeguarding rights of citizens
 E - Controlling state finance
 F - Administration of the executive
 G - Submitting grievances
26. Select the answer which contains the function of the legislature in Sri Lanka.
 1. ABC 2. BCD 3. CEG 4. AFG
27. Select the answer which contains the functions of the executive.
 1. ACD 2. BCE 3. CDE 4. DEF
28. Select the correct statement on Pradeshiya Sabha
 1. Majority of the citizens of Sri Lanka live in Pradeshiya Sabha territories.
 2. Established under the Act No. 15 in 1978
 3. Every Pradeshiya Sabha is limited to a district
 4. Urban commissioner is the chief of the Pradeshiya Sabha
29. From which sentence, the steps are cited that can be taken when the human rights are violated according to the constitution of Sri Lanka?
 1. 156th sentence 2. 162nd sentence 3. 126th sentence 4. 152nd sentence
30. A step taken by Sri Lanka to protect children's rights is,
 1. giving the authority on children to the police.
 2. providing the maximum freedom which is needed for children
 3. provision of education free of charge
 4. acting maximumly for the well-being of children in every occasion.
31. The organization which was established with the objective of bringing social equity is,
 1. Lanka Labour Organization 2. International Labour Organization
 3. International Human Rights Organization 4. International Red Cross Organization
32. When was the women's charter in Sri Lanka prepared?
 1. 1981 2. 1993 3. 1979 4. 1999

33. A step that can be taken by the citizens of a country to minimize the environmental problems is,
1. starting cultivation by clearing forests.
 2. paying attention on high consumption
 3. disposing garbage after categorizing them
 4. paying attention on finding out mineral in earth.
34. Select the answer that represent the features of developed countries.
- A - High population in cities
 B - Scarcity of foreign exchange
 C - Increasing capital
 D - Decreasing production
1. A and B
 2. C and D
 3. A and D
 4. A and C
35. A special feature of Sri Lanka as a developing country is,
1. infant mortality rate is at a low level
 2. life expectancy is at a low level
 3. political stability
 4. encouragement of domestic saving.
36. This is not unfavourable result due to air pollution.
1. Changing of precipitation process.
 2. Snow melting
 3. Dust cloud formation
 4. Rising of sea water level.
37. ASEAN organization was established to develop the Asian region in,
1. 1978
 2. 1985
 3. 1967
 4. 1950
38. A state which has a conflict at present due to frontiers is,
1. United State of America
 2. Isrel
 3. Ruwaanda
 4. India
39. Select the answer that includes the permanent member countries of United Nation's Security Council.
1. China, India, Britain, France, Russia
 2. German, France, America, India, China
 3. France, Britain, German, America, China
 4. France, Russia, Britain, America, China
40. The main media through which intrnational relations are maintained peacetully is,
1. Diplomatic Service
 2. Ministry of Foreign Affairs
 3. Chief Secretariat
 4. International Organizations.

Part II

- **First question is compulsory.**
- **Answer five questions all together including the first question and another four questions.**

- (01)i. Write two essential features of a state.
ii. Write two special features that can be seen in a presidential government.
iii. Mention two powers of the central government in Switzerland.
iv. Write two basic qualities that can be seen in a good governance.
v. Name two processes of an economy.
vi. Name two parts of international conflicts.
vii. Name two officers who implement law.
viii. Write two parts of human rights.
ix. Name two objectives of measuring development in a country.
x. Name two member countries at its beginning of the Commonwealth Organization. (10x2=20)
- (02) In a representative democracy the citizens themselves cannot take part in the governance.
i. Write two problems arising out of implementing direct democracy as a system of governance at present (02 marks)
ii. Mention three roles of the free media for the existence of a democratic society (03 marks)
iii. a. Write three reasons for the importance of a democratic governance among the ruling systems in the world. (03 marks)
b. Explain one of the above reasons briefly (02 marks)
- (03) Various goods and services are used to fulfill human needs
i. The goods which are used to satisfy human needs are in two types. Name them. (02 marks)
ii. Write the three types of goods 'that' are produced according to the manner in which they are made use of (03 marks)
iii. Name two economic systems used by the countries to solve basic economic problems at present. (02 marks)
b. Explain one of the above systems briefly. (03 marks)
- (04) "The supreme law of a country is the constitution "
i. Write two features that influence the concept of rule of law (02 marks)
ii. Name the three main laws exercised in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
iii. a. Name two institutions which are established in Sri Lanka to exercise the law. (02 marks)
b. Explain one of them (03 marks)
- (05) "Human rights are essential to protect the existence and dignity of human lives "
i. Name the two occasions where human rights were severely violated. (02 marks)
ii. Write three objectives used as the base when preparing the United Nation's convention of children's rights. (03 marks)
iii. a. Name the two types of duties of citizens related to the rights. (02 marks)
b. Explain one of the duties briefly. (03 marks)
- (06) "The environment is a blend of external conditions that influence the existence of living beings"
i. Name the two biological components in which the environment is configured (02 marks)
ii. Write down three unfavourable conditions that have arisen in the social environment due to the complexity of human activity. (03 marks)
iii. a. Write two duties and responsibilities of people to protect the environment of their country (02 marks)
b. Explain one of them briefly. (03 marks)
- (07) " International relations are all forms of relations between nations."
I. Write two objectives of the United Nations Organization. (02 marks)
ii. Write two factors that influence for the improvement of international relations at present. (03 marks)
iii. a. Write down three areas in which Sri Lanka is influenced by powerful states in international relations (03 marks)
b. Explain one of them briefly. (02 marks)