| Acce | D | නිම්තම් | <i>ඇවිරිනි</i>   යනෙන් | பதிப்புரிமையுடை           | 111#1/AII | Rights | Reserved  |
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දී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව දී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව වී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ඉහස්ගෙසර ප්රියාපණ නිකාශස්සහර ඉහස්ගෙසර දී නිකාශස්සහර ඉහස්ගෙසර ප්රියාපණ නිකාශස්සහර ප්රියාපණ නිකාශස්සහර Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department o**. මබාව්ගයේ** S**ift** සම්බන්ධයේ Sift සම්බන්ධයේ State සම්බන්ධයේ සම්බන්ධ

අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2024 සබාඛ්ධ ධොසුුුු සු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2024 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2024

ගිණුම්කරණය I සഞාස්ස්ලි I Accounting I



சැக ¢pකයි இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம் Two hours

#### **Instructions:**

- \* Answer all questions.
- \* Select the correct answers for questions No. 1-30 and write its number on the dotted line.
- \* Write short answers for questions No. 31-50 on the dotted lines.
- \* Each question carries equal marks.
- \* Write your **Index Number** in the space provided above.
- \* Use of non-programmable calculators is allowed.

| In  | idex No.:    |       |      | ************* |
|-----|--------------|-------|------|---------------|
| For | · Examiner's | s Use | Only |               |

|                          | Signature . | Code No. | For p   | aper I |
|--------------------------|-------------|----------|---------|--------|
| 1 <sup>st</sup> Examiner |             |          | Q. Nos. | Marks  |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> Examiner |             |          | 01 - 30 |        |
| Addl. Chief              |             |          |         |        |
| E.M.F.                   |             |          | 31 - 50 |        |
| Chief                    |             |          | TOTAL   |        |

- 1. Which of the following statements best describes the primary purpose of financial accounting in a firm?
  - (1) Reports past financial information of the firm to satisfy the statutory requirements.
  - (2) Records the transactions of the firm to prepare the general-purpose financial statements.
  - (3) Provides the specific financial information about the firm for the investors and lenders.
  - (4) Prepares the general-purpose financial statements of the firm based on the accounting standards.
  - (5) Provides the information for the decision making of the external stakeholders of the firm.

(....)

- 2. A firm is unable to continue its operations for the foreseeable future. Which of the following accounting concepts are **not relevant** in the preparation of financial statements of this firm?
  - (1) Business Entity and Accruals
  - (2) Business Entity and Money Measurement
  - (3) Going Concern and Historical Cost
  - (4) Substance over form and Realisation
  - (5) Prudence and Realisation

(.....)

- 3. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct as to the application of business entity concept?
  - A All transactions of a business are recorded from the perspective of the business.
  - B This concept provides the basis for the identification of the reporting entity.
  - C The owners' investment in a business is presented as a claim to the resources of the business.
  - (1) A only.
  - (2) A and B only.
  - (3) A and C only.
  - (4) B and C only.
  - (5) All A, B and C.

.....)

• Use the following information to answer questions no. 4, 5, 6 and 7.

Chandra retail business was commenced on 01.01.2024. This business is registered for Value Added Tax (VAT). The following transactions have occurred in the business during the month of January 2024.

No. Transaction

- Sold goods costing Rs. 240 000 to Amal for Rs. 354 000 on credit (Inclusive of Rs. 54 000 VAT).
- Received a cheque from Amal to settle the total due amount after allowing a cash discount of Rs. 30 000.
- 3 Sold goods costing Rs. 320 000 for Rs. 472 000 for cash (Inclusive of Rs. 72 000 VAT).
- 4 Sold goods costing Rs. 400 000 to Bimal for Rs. 590 000 on credit (Inclusive of Rs. 90 000 VAT).
- Returned goods sold to Bimal for Rs. 118 000 (Inclusive of Rs. 18 000 VAT). The cost of these goods was Rs. 80 000.
- 4. Which of the following accounting equations reflects the net impact of transactions no. 1 and 2?

|     | <b>Assets (Rs.'000)</b> | Colores<br>Colores | Liabilities (Rs.'000) | + | <b>Equity (Rs.'000)</b> |   |    |
|-----|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|---|----|
| (1) | +84                     |                    | +54                   |   | +30                     |   |    |
| (2) | +84                     |                    | - Appell              |   | +84                     |   |    |
| (3) | +114                    |                    | +54                   |   | +60                     |   |    |
| (4) | +114                    |                    | ned:                  |   | +114                    | P |    |
| (5) | +144                    |                    | +54                   |   | + 90                    |   | () |

- 5. The source documents used to record the transactions no. 3, 4 and 5 in the books of Chandra business in the order of their occurrence:
  - (1) Receipt, Invoice, Debit Note

- (2) Receipt, Invoice, Credit Note
- (3) Deposit Slip, Invoice, Debit Note
- (4) Deposit Slip, Invoice, Credit Note
- (5) Receipt, Invoice, Journal Voucher

- (.....)
- **6.** What is the **correct** double entry to post the total of the Sales Journal of Chandra business for the month of January 2024 to its General Ledger?

|     | Description             | <b>Dr.</b> (Rs.'000) | Cr. (Rs.'000) |  |
|-----|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------|--|
| (1) | Debtors control account | 800                  |               |  |
|     | VAT control account     | 144                  |               |  |
|     | Sales account           |                      | 944           |  |
| (2) | Debtors control account | 826                  |               |  |
|     | VAT control account     |                      | 126           |  |
|     | Sales account           |                      | 700           |  |
| (3) | Debtors control account | 944                  |               |  |
|     | VAT control account     |                      | 144           |  |
|     | Sales account           |                      | 800           |  |
| (4) | Cash account            | 472                  |               |  |
|     | Debtors control account | 826                  |               |  |
|     | VAT control account     |                      | 198           |  |
|     | Sales account           |                      | 1 100         |  |
| (5) | Cash account            | 472                  |               |  |
|     | Debtors control account | 944                  |               |  |
|     | VAT control account     | n w                  | 216           |  |
|     | Sales account           | • 5                  | 1 200 ()      |  |
|     |                         |                      |               |  |

7. VAT control account balance (Ignore VAT on purchases) and the debtors control account balance as at 31.01.2024 of Chandra business:

|     | VAT | Control Account Balance (Rs.'000) | Debtors Control Account - Debit Balance (Rs. 2000) |
|-----|-----|-----------------------------------|--|
| (1) |     | Dr. 198                           | 430  |
| (2) |     | Cr. 126                           | 472  |
| (3) |     | Cr. 144                           | 502  |
| (4) | ž   | Cr. 198                           | 472  |
| (5) |     | Cr. 216                           | 502 ()   |

- 8. The net profit as per the draft financial statements of a company for the year ending 31.03.2024 was Rs. 5 000 000. The following errors were revealed after preparing these draft financial statements.
  - The total of the sales journal Rs. 8 500 000 had been posted to the general ledger as Rs. 5 800 000.
  - Sales commission payable Rs. 450 000 had been debited to the sales account and credited to the sales commission payable account.
  - A bank loan instalment of Rs. 850 000 had been paid and it had been debited to the bank loan account and credited to the cash account. However, the interest of Rs.150 000 included in this instalment had not been recognized as an expense.

The net profit of the company after above errors are rectified (Rs.'000):

- (1) 2 450
- (2) 7 100
- (3) 7 550
- (4) 7 700
- (5) 8 000

(.....

9. During the year ending 31.03.2024, the owner of a business obtained goods costing of Rs. 56 000 as drawings. No adjustment had been made in this respect in the books of accounts. However, the closing inventory had been ascertained based on the physical stock available as at 31.03.2024. The gross profit and the net profit of the business for the year ending 31.03.2024 had been calculated as Rs. 250 000 and Rs. 120 000 respectively.

The correct gross profit and net profit of the business if the goods drawings had been properly adjusted in the books of accounts:

| •   | Gross Profit (Rs.'000) | Net Profit (Rs.'000) |  |
|-----|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| (1) | 194                    | 64                   |  |
| (2) | 250                    | 120                  |  |
| (3) | 250                    | 176                  | r en |
| (4) | 306                    | 120                  |  |
| (5) | 306                    | 176                  | == ,· ()                                 |

- 10. The information given below relates to the trade debtors of Araliya Enterprises, a sole trader.
  - The credit balance of allowance for doubtful debts account as at 01.04.2023 was Rs.70 000.
  - Trade debtors as at 31.03.2024 (before adjusting for bad and doubtful debts) was Rs. 1 050 000.
  - Rs. 50 000 receivable from a trade debtor as at 31.03.2024 has to be written off as a bad debt.
  - This firm decided to make a 4% allowance for doubtful debts on the trade debtors balance as at 31.03.2024.

The expenses recognized for the year ending 31.03.2024 for the bad and doubtful debts and the carrying amount of trade debtors reported in the Statement of Financial Position as at 31.03.2024:

Bad and Doubtful Debts Expenses (Rs. '000) Carrying Amount of Trade Debtors (Rs. '000)

| (1) | 20 | 960    |
|-----|----|--------|
| (2) | 20 | 1 000  |
| (3) | 80 | 970    |
| (4) | 80 | 1 000  |
| (5) | 90 | 960 () |

• Use the following information to answer questions no. 11 and 12.

The following balances have been extracted from the accounting records of Mihirani Enterprises, a manufacturing business.

|  | As at 31.03.2024 (Rs.'000) | As at 31.03.2023 (Rs.'000) |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Production Machinery - carrying amount   | 675                        | 800                        |
| Inventory - Raw materials                | 45                         | 60                         |
| Inventory - Finished goods               | 160                        | 120                        |
| Trade creditors - Raw material purchases | 15                         | 20                         |

The cash payments made during the year ending 31.03.2024 are as follows.

|                              | KS.7000 |
|------------------------------|---------|
| Direct labour cost paid      | 300     |
| Cash paid to trade creditors | 150     |
| Production overheads paid    | 75      |

#### Additional information:

- All raw material purchases are made on credit basis.
- There were no work-in-progress and accrued expenses as at 31.03.2024 and 31.03.2023.
- There were no purchases or disposal of machinery during the year.



| - 11-A-11 | SUZ-1/JJ/ L/-1   |
|-----------|--|
| 11.       | Total manufacturing cost for the year ending 31,03.2024 (Rs.'000): (1) 505 (2) 535 (3) 630 (4) 660 (5) 665 ()  |
| 12.       | Cost of sales for the year ending 31.03.2024 (Rs.'000): (1) 495 (2) 575 (3) 590 (4) 620 (5) 700 ()   |
| 13.       | Which of the following statements are <b>correct</b> as per the Section 24 of the Partnership Ordinance of 1890?   |
|           | <ul> <li>A - The partners are entitled to share the profits and losses of the business equally.</li> <li>B - The partners involved in the administration of the partnership are entitled to receive a remuneration.</li> </ul>   |
|           | <ul> <li>C - The partners are not entitled to receive an interest on the capital invested.</li> <li>D - The partners are entitled to be reimbursed if they have spent personal funds for business activities.</li> </ul>   |
|           | (1) A and C only. (2) A and D only. (3) B and C only. (4) A, C and D only. (5) All A, B, C and D.  |
| •         | Use the following information to answer questions no. 14 and 15.   |
|           | Anil and Banu are carrying out a partnership sharing profits and losses equally. As per the partnership agreement, each partner is entitled to an annual salary of Rs. 1 200 000. The following opening balances as at 01.04.2023 have been extracted from the books of accounts of the partnership.   |
|           | Partner         Capital Account - Credit (Rs.'000)         Current Account - Credit (Rs.'000)           Anil         6 000         800           Banu         5 000         600  |
|           | During the year, Anil and Banu contributed Rs. 600 000 and Rs. 400 000 respectively as additional capital. Further, during the year, each partner has taken Rs. 1 000 000 in cash from their salaries. The profit share of each partner was Rs. 300 000 for the year ending 31.03.2024.  |
| 14.       | The profit of the partnership for the year ending 31.03.2024 (Rs.'000): (1) 600 (2) 1 500 (3) 2 400 (4) 2 600 (5) 3 000 ()   |
| 15.       | The equity of the partnership as at 31.03.2024 (Rs.'000): (1) 12 000 (2) 13 400 (3) 14 400 (4) 15 400 (5) 16 400 ()  |
| •         | Use the following information to answer questions no. 16 and 17.   |
|           | The following information relates to Saman PLC for the year ending 31.03.2024.  Rs.'000  |
|           | Cost of sales       6 500         Gross profit       3 500         Other income       1 600         Profit for the year       2 200         Revaluation surplus - Motor Vehicles       1 000         Revaluation deficit - Machinery       800   |
|           | The machinery had been revalued for the first time on 31.03.2022 and had resulted a surplus of Rs. 450 000. The motor vehicles have been revalued for the first time and the machinery have been revalued for the second time during the current year.   |
|           | In computing the profit for the year ending 31.03.2024, the revaluation surplus of motor vehicles Rs. 1 000 000 has been included in the other income. The revaluation deficit of the machinery Rs. 800 000 has been deducted entirely in computing the profit for the current year without considering the previous revaluation of the machinery. |
| 16.       | The correct profit and other comprehensive income for the year ending 31.03.2024:  Profit for the year (Rs.'000)  Other Comprehensive Income (Rs.'000)   |
|           | (1)     1 650     550       (2)     1 650     1 000  |
|           | (3) 2 200 550  |
|           | (4) ½ 2 650 550  |
|           | (5) 2 650 ()   |

| 17          | 17. The total income and total expenses recognized for the year ending       | g 31.03.2024:  |
|-------------|--|--|
|             | Total Income (Rs.'000) Total Expenses (Rs.'0                                 | 000)   |
|             | (1) 11 150 9 400   | * ,  |
|             | (2) 11 150 10 200  | 27   |
|             | (3) 11 600 9 400   | No. of the Control of |
|             | (4)  |  |
|             | 11 600   |  |
| 1           | 10 200   | (  |
| 18          | 18. The following transactions have been occurred in Sachin PLC duri         | ng the year ending 31.03.2024  |
|             | <ul> <li>Purchased a machine for Rs. 2 000 000 for cash.</li> </ul>          | 6 June 11.05,2024,   |
|             | • Sold an office equipment with a carrying amount of Rs. 3 600 000           | at a gain of Do 600 000 for each   |
|             | Obtained the right-of-use of a motor vehicle for 5 years under a             | long agreement The second Call.  |
| -           | right-of-use asset is Rs. 4 500 000. This cost includes an initial pay       | lease agreement. The cost of this  |
|             | The arrange of the desired to the second metades all find all pay            | ment of Rs. 1 000 000.   |
|             | The amount of <b>net</b> cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities for | or the year ending 31.03.2024 as   |
|             | per LKAS / - Statement of Cash Flows' (Rs.'000):                             |  |
| 1           | (1) 1 100 (2) 1 200 (3) (3 200) (4) (3 5                                     | (00) (5) (4 900) (   |
| 19          | 19. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct as per 'LKAS 8         | (3) (4,500) (  |
|             | in Accounting Estimates and Errors'?   | - Accounting Policies, Changes   |
|             |  |  |
|             | A - Accounting estimates arise due to the uncertainties inher                | rent in business activities.   |
|             | B - Accounting policies should always be selected by apply                   | ing the guidelines prescribed in   |
|             | the accounting standards.  |  |
|             | C - The effect of accounting estimates should be adjusted in                 | the profit or loss of the current  |
|             | period or in the current and future periods as applicable                    | respectively.  |
|             | (1) A only. (2) B only.  |  |
|             | (4) A and C only. (5) All A, B and C.  | (3) A and B only.  |
| án          | (c) 1111 11, D tille C.  | ()   |
| <i>2</i> 0. | 20. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct as per 'LKAS 37-       | Provisions, Contingent Liabilities   |
| -           | and Contingent Assets?   |  |
|             | A - A provision is a liability of uncertain timing or amount.                |  |
|             | B - A legal obligation is an obligation that derives from                    | a contract, legislation or other   |
|             | operation of law.  |  |
|             | C - An entity shall not recognise contingent liabilities and c               | Contingent assets in the financial   |
|             | statements.  | and a section of the imanetar  |
|             | (1) A only. (2) B only.  | (3) A and D anter  |
|             | (4) B and C only. (5) All A, B and C.  | (3) A and B only.  |
| 24          | (*) 1 m 11, 15 tild C,   | (,.)   |
| 21.         | 21. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct as per 'SLFRS 16       | 5 - Leases'?   |
|             | A - At the commencement date of the lease, the lessee shoul                  | d measure the right-of-use asset   |
|             | at its fair value.   | in the district the fight of use asset   |
|             | B - At the commencement date of the lease, the lessee shou                   | ld massure the tops distilled  |
|             | the present value of the lease payments that are not paid                    | d at that date   |
|             | C - The present value of lease payments is calculated using                  | a at that date.  |
|             | prosent value of lease payments is calculated using                          | the interest rate implicit in the  |
|             | lease if it can be readily determined.  (1) A only.  (2) B only.             |  |
|             |  | (3) A and B only.  |
|             | (4) B and C only. (5) All A, B and C.  | ()   |
| 22.         | 22. Some balances of Gayantha PLC as at 01.04.2023 are given below.          | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |
|             | •  |  |
|             | Rs.'000  |  |
|             | Stated capital-ordinary shares issued at Rs.100 each Petained carriers 7 500 |  |
|             | Retained earnings 3 500  |  |
|             | Dividends payable 600  |  |

On 01.04.2023, the company capitalized retained earnings by issuing one share for every five shares held on this date at Rs.120 per share. The profit of the company for the year ending 31.03.2024 was Rs. 1 400 000. During the year ending 31.03.2024 the company paid the dividends payable as at 01.04.2023 and interim dividends of Rs. 500 000. The retained earnings is the only reserve maintained by the company.

The retained earnings of the company as at 31.03.2024 (Rs.'000):

- (1) 2 000
- (2) 2 300
- (3) 2 600
- (4) 2 900

600

(5) 6 200

| 23. | The quick assets  | ratio of a | business  | as a | t 31.03.2024 | was | 1:1. | The | business | is | considering | the |
|-----|-------------------|------------|-----------|------|--------------|-----|------|-----|----------|----|-------------|-----|
|     | following actions | to improve | its quick | asse | ts ratio.    |     |      |     |          | *  |             |     |

- A To pay an insurance premium in advance
- B To sell existing inventory on credit
- C To settle the existing short-term liabilities using cash in hand
- D To sell existing inventory for cash

Which of the above action/s would lead to improve the quick assets ratio of the business?

(1) B only.

(2) D only.

(3) B and D only.

(4) A, B and D only.

(5) B, C and D only.

(.....)

- 24. Which of the following activities can be considered as management accounting functions of a firm?
  - A Determining the cost of a product or a service
  - B Analysing the behaviour of costs when the activity level is changing
  - C Providing the financial information for the investors and lenders
  - D Analysing the cost-volume-profit relationship of a product
  - (1) A and B only.

- (2) A, B and C only.
- (3) A, B and D only.

(4) B, C and D only.

(5) All A, B, C and D.

(.....)

- 25. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct in relation to inventory management in a firm?
  - A The economic order quantity of an inventory item is the re-order quantity at which the total of its annual ordering cost and annual holding cost is minimum.
  - B The re-order level of an inventory item is calculated by multiplying its maximum consumption by the maximum lead time.
  - C Cost formulas are used to measure the cost of an inventory item when specific identification method cannot be used.
  - (1) B only.

- (2) A and B only.
- (3) A and C only.

(4) B and C only.

(5) All A, B and C.

(.....)

**26.** The following information has been extracted from the payroll of a company for the month ending 31.03.2024.

#### Rs. 9000

Basic salaries

7 500

Allowances

2 500

#### Additional information:

- The employer and employee contributions to Employee Provident Fund (EPF) are 15% and 10% respectively.
- The employer contribution to Employee Trust Fund (ETF) is 3%.
- EPF and ETF contributions are calculated based on the gross salary of employees.
- A particular month's EPF and ETF are remitted in the following month.

Total expenses recognized relating to employees for the month ending 31.03.2024 and EPF payable as at 31.03.2024 of this company:

| Emp | oloyee related Expenses (Rs.'000) | EPF Payable (Rs.'000) |    |
|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|----|
| (1) | 10 000                            | 1 500                 |    |
| (2) | 10 000                            | 2 500                 |    |
| (3) | 11 500                            | 2 500                 |    |
| (4) | 11 800                            | 1 500                 |    |
| (5) | 11 800                            | 2 500                 | () |

• Use the following information to answer questions no. 27 and 28.

Jemini PLC produces a single product. The expected activity level of the company is 20 000 units. The following estimates are provided for the next period.

Direct raw material cost per unit

2 kgs at Rs. 300 per kg

Direct labour cost per unit

2 hours at Rs. 200 per hour

Production overheads absorption rate

Rs. 300 per direct labour hour

Total non-production overheads

Rs. 8 000 000

Profit markup on total cost 25%

#### Additional information:

It is estimated that 50% of production overheads and 75% of non-production overheads as variable costs.

27. The cost of production per unit and the total fixed cost for the next period:

|    | Total Fixed Cost (Rs. 2000) | Cost of Production per unit (Rs.) | Cost |
|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|
|    | 6 000                       | 1 `000                            | (1)  |
|    | 2 000                       | 1 600                             | (2)  |
|    | 8 000                       | 1 600                             | (3)  |
|    | 6 000                       | 2 000                             | (4)  |
| () | 8 000                       | 2 000                             | (5)  |
|    |                             |                                   |      |

- 28. The contribution per unit of this product:
  - (1) Rs. 500 (2) Rs. 600 (3) Rs. 900 (4) Rs. 1 100 (5) Rs. 1 200 (.....)
- **29.** The activity level of a manufacturing company is 100 000 units. The following information relates to the year ending 31.03.2024.

|                  | Rs.'000 |
|------------------|---------|
| Sales            | 12 000  |
| Total fixed cost | 3 000   |
| Profit           | 2 000   |

The variable cost per unit and break even point (units) of the company:

|     | Variable Cost per unit (Rs.) | <b>Break Even Point (Units)</b> |    |
|-----|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----|
| (1) | 30                           | 100 000                         |    |
| (2) | 50                           | 40 000                          | -  |
| (3) | 50                           | 60 000                          |    |
| (4) | 70                           | 40 000                          |    |
| (5) | 70                           | 60 000                          | () |

**30.** A firm is considering a project to invest in a machine with a useful life of 5 years. The estimated cost of this machine is Rs. 1 000 000. An annual net cash inflow of Rs. 200 000 is expected from this project. The expected rate of return of this project is 10% and the net present value (NPV) of the project is negative.

Which of the following statement/s is/are correct in relation to this project?

- A The present value of total future net cash inflows of this project is lower than its initial investment.
- B If the annual net cash inflows of the project is increased to Rs. 250 000, its payback period is 4 years.
- C When the expected rate of return of this project is higher than 10%, its NPV is positive.
- (1) A only.

- (2) A and B only.
- (3) A and C only.

(4) B and C only.

(5) All A, B and C.

(...,..)

| • | Write | short | answers | for | questions | No. 31 | ί. | - 50 | on | the | dotted | lines. |  |
|---|-------|-------|---------|-----|-----------|--------|----|------|----|-----|--------|--------|--|
|---|-------|-------|---------|-----|-----------|--------|----|------|----|-----|--------|--------|--|

- 31. Several activities of a firm are given below.
  - A Selection of appropriate accounting policies in preparing the general-purpose financial statements.
  - B Assessment of the tax liability in line with the provisions of the Inland Revenue Act.
  - C Use of a computerised accounting software package to record the transactions.
  - D Revaluation of buildings considering the changes in the market prices.

Select the **most appropriate** environmental factor influencing each of the above activities from the items given below.

| (1) Econom | nic (2) Legal               | (3) Professional | (4) Technological                     |
|------------|-----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Activity   | <b>Environmental Factor</b> | Activity         | <b>Environmental Factor</b>           |
| A          |                             | C                |                                       |
| В          |                             | D                | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

32. The following information has been extracted from the financial statements of a sole trader.

|           | As a      | t 31.03.2024 | (Rs.'000) As | at 31.03.2023 | (Rs.'000) |
|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|
| Total as  | ssets     | 800          |              | 600           |           |
| Total lia | abilities | 450          |              | 325           |           |

#### Additional information:

The following two transactions relating to the owner of the business have taken place during the year ending 31.03.2024 and they have been properly recorded.

- 1. The owner paid Rs. 50 000 to a creditor of the business using his personal funds.
- 2. The owner obtained goods costing Rs. 100 000 for his personal use.
- (a) State the impact (+ or -) caused by the above two transactions with the value on the assets, liabilities, and equity of the business.

| Transaction | Assets (Rs.'000) | Liabilities (Rs.'000)  | <b>Equity</b> (Rs.'000)                 |
|-------------|------------------|------------------------|---|
| 1.          |                  |                        |   |
| 2.          | •••••            | ********************** | * ************************************* |

- (b) Profit of the business for the year ending 31.03.2024 (Rs.'000): .....
- Use the following information to answer the questions no. 33 and 34.

The following four transactions have taken place in a furniture manufacturing business during the month ending 31.03.2024.

- A Purchased timber on credit for Rs. 2500 000 from Kasun.
- B Purchased a timber processing machine on credit for Rs. 6 000 000 from Pubudu Ltd.
- C Sold furniture with a list price of Rs. 5 200 000 for cash subject to a trade discount of Rs. 200 000.
- D Settled the total amount due to Kasun subject to a cash discount of Rs. 100 000.
- 33. State the prime entry book used to record each of the above transactions.

| Transaction | Prime Entry Book | Transaction | Prime Entry Book |
|-------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Α           |                  | С           |                  |
| B           |                  | D           |                  |

34. Write the journal entries to record the above Transactions 'C' and 'D'. (Narration is not required).

| Transaction | Description | Dr.<br>(Rs.'000) | Cr. (Rs.'000) |
|-------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|
| С           |             |                  | -             |
|             |             | . 4              |               |
|             |             | - Artif          |               |
| D           |             |                  |               |
|             |             |                  |               |
|             |             | r je             | ,             |

|                  | - 1 |                       |   |                    |                             |   |   |             |
|------------------|-----|-----------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|-------------|
|                  |     | D                     |   |                    |                             |   |   |             |
|                  |     | . 1                   |   |                    |                             |   |   |             |
| * <sub>5.5</sub> |     |                       |   |                    |                             |   | ,                                       |             |
| 35.              | Sta | ate the type o        | f account for each of the fo                                | ollowing general   | ledger accou                | nts.                                    |   | <del></del> |
|                  |     | Ge                    | eneral Ledger Account                                       |                    | Type of                     | Account                                 |   |             |
|                  | A   | - Discount re         | eceived   | •                  |                             |   |   | •           |
|                  | В   | - Drawings            |   | •                  |                             | • | •                                       |             |
|                  | C   | C - Provision f       | or compensation   | ,                  |                             | **********                              |   |             |
|                  | D   | - Accumulate          | ed depreciation on machiner                                 | у .                |                             |   | •                                       |             |
| 36.              | Co  | omplete the fo        | llowing statements with the                                 | most appropria     | te accounting               | g concept.                              |   |             |
|                  | A   | - Only the tr         | ransactions with a monetary                                 | value occurred i   | in a firm are               | required                                | to recor                                | d in the    |
|                  |     | books of a            | ccounts as per  | conc               | cept.                       |   |   |             |
|                  | В   | - The                 | concept 1   | requires a firm to | report all i                | nformation                              | in the                                  | financial   |
|                  |     | statements,           | which are useful for the st                                 | akeholders to ma   | ike decisions               |   |   | ٥           |
|                  | C   | - The cost o          | f goods purchased during th                                 | ne current year b  | out not sold                | by the year                             | ir-end of                               | a firm      |
|                  |     | is excluded           | I from the cost of sales as                                 | per the            | ***********                 | concep                                  | ot.                                     | -           |
|                  | D   | - The cost of         | f relatively low value equip                                | ment with a usefu  | al life of mo               | re than on                              | e year i                                | s treated   |
|                  |     | as an exper           | nse in the financial statemen                               | ts of a firm as pe | er the                      | ********                                | • | concept.    |
| 37.              |     |                       | value whether each of the 31.03.2024 leads to the Inc       | _                  |                             | •                                       |   | _           |
|                  | •   |                       | Transaction   |                    | Impa<br>Increase<br>Decreas | e - (I) /                               | Val<br>(Rs.)                            |             |
| Α-               |     | Subscription retailed | eceivable Rs. 20 000 was war.                               | ritten off during  |                             | •••••                                   | ,                                       | *****       |
| В-               |     | tournament he         | e sports ground for Rs. 250 ld during the year and received |                    |                             | . Б                                     |   |             |
|                  |     | in cash in this       | s respect.  |                    |                             | • • • • • • • •                         | ********                                |             |

|     | Transaction  | Impact<br>Increase - (I) /<br>Decrease - (D) | Value<br>(Rs.' 000) |
|-----|--|--|---------------------|
| A - | Subscription receivable Rs. 20 000 was written off during the current year.  |  | ,                   |
| B - | Rented out the sports ground for Rs. 250 000 for a cricket tournament held during the year and received Rs. 200 000 in cash in this respect. |  |                     |

| 38. | Complete the following statements in relation to a partnership to  | using the app   | ropriate terms.                |  |  |
|-----|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
|     | A - The variable equity of a partnership is recorded in the partnership accounts.  | ners'           | ,                              |  |  |
|     | B - When partners retire from the business, they are entitled to rece  | ive a 5% inter  | est per annum                  |  |  |
|     | on the unsettled balance as per the Section of the I   | Partnership Ord | nance of 1890.                 |  |  |
| No. | C - The maximum number of partners of a partnership business is l  | imited to       | as per the                     |  |  |
|     | ` Act.   |                 |                                |  |  |
| 39. | 9. Amal and Bimal carried out a partnership without a written agreement. Chamara joined the partnership on 01.04.2024 by investing Rs.1 000 000 in cash and a land worth of Rs. 2 000 000. On the day, the goodwill of the partnership was estimated as Rs.1 200 000. The new partnership is also continued without a written agreement.   |                 |                                |  |  |
|     | Write the journal entries to record the following (Narration is not red  | quired).        |                                |  |  |
|     | Description  | Dr. (Rs.'000)   | Cr. (Rs.'000)                  |  |  |
|     | (a) Contribution of Chamara to the capital of the partnership:   |                 |                                |  |  |
|     |  |                 |                                |  |  |
|     |  |                 |                                |  |  |
|     | (b) Goodwill of the partnership:   |                 |                                |  |  |
|     |  |                 |                                |  |  |
|     |  |                 |                                |  |  |
|     |  | ,               |                                |  |  |
| 40. | Complete the following statements as per the Conceptual Framework for  | or Financial Re | eporting (2018).               |  |  |
|     | A - The equity is interest in the assets of its liabilities.   | the entity afte | r deducting all                |  |  |
|     | B - A liability is a present obligation to transfer an of past events.   |                 | as a result                    |  |  |
|     | C - Income is the in assets, or result in increases in equity, other than due to the contributions   |                 |                                |  |  |
| 41. | State whether each of the following statements is True (T) or False (F) :  Statement   | as per 'LKAS 2  | 2 - Inventories.' True / False |  |  |
|     | A - Inventories are measured at cost and net realizable value lower.   | whichever i     | s                              |  |  |
|     | B - Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ord business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated selling price in the ord business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated selling price in the ord business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated selling price in the ord business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated selling price in the ord business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated selling price in the ord business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated selling price in the ord business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated selling price in the ord business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated selling price in the ord business less the estimated selling price in the ord business less than the estimated selling price in the ord business less than the estimated selling price in the ord business less than the estimated selling price in the ord business less than the estimated selling price in the ord business less than the estimated selling price in the ord business less than the ord business less tha | •               |                                |  |  |
|     | C - An entity should use the same cost formula for all inventories I nature and use.   | naving a simila | r                              |  |  |
| ь.  | D - Out of the first-in first-out (FIFO) method or weighted avera method, the one that gives the lower value should be used in cost of an inventory item.  |                 |                                |  |  |

| 12,        | The financial statements of Saman PLC for the year ending 31.03.2024 were authoriby the directors on 30.06.2024. The following events took place in the company after   |   |
|------------|---|---|
|            | No. Event   |   |
|            | A case was filed on 10.04.2024 by a customer, against the company compensation of Rs. 1.5 million. A court order was given on 15.06.2024 compensation.  |   |
|            | A factory with a carrying amount of Rs. 9 million as at 31.03.2024 was 20.04.2024.  | destroyed on                            |
|            | A debtor was declared as bankrupt on 31.05.2024. The amount receivable from as at 31.03.2024 was Rs. 3 million.   | m this debtor                           |
|            | Before considering above events, the total assets and total liabilities of the company as were Rs. 60 million and Rs. 25 million respectively.  | at 31.03.2024                           |
|            | Identify the following as per 'LKAS 10 - Events after the reporting period',  |   |
|            | (a) Non-adjusting event/s (Indicate only the number/s.):  |   |
|            | (b) The correct total assets and total liabilities as at 31.03.2024 after considering the all event/s:  | oove adjusting                          |
|            | Total assets (Rs. million):   | ******                                  |
| 13.        | Chatu PLC purchased a machine for Rs. 6 000 000 on 01.04.2021 and estimated its 5 years. The company depreciates the machines on reducing balance method at 40% po 01.04.2023, the company revised the depreciation method of the machine to straight lin estimated its residual value as zero. There is no change in the useful life of the machine on 01.04.2021. | er annum. On e method and               |
|            | State the following as per 'LKAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment'.  (a) Depreciation expenses for the year ending 31.03.2022 (Rs.'000) :   |   |
|            | (b) Accumulated depreciation as at 31.03.2023 (Rs.'000) :   | • |
|            | (c) Depreciation expenses for the year ending 31.03.2024 (Rs.'000) :  | •                                       |
| 14.        | State whether each of the following statements is True (T) or False (F) as per 'SLFRS from Contracts with Customers.'   | 15 - Revenue                            |
|            | Statement   | True/False                              |
|            | A - An entity should recognize revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation   | *****                                   |
|            | by providing a promised good or service to a customer.  B - The transaction price is the amount of consideration that the entity has received   | :                                       |
|            | in cash in exchange of goods or services.  C - The consideration promised in a contract may include fixed amounts, variable   | ******                                  |
|            | amounts, or both.  D - The performance obligations can be satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time.  | 11<br>11                                |
| <b>45.</b> | The following information relates to Amara PLC for the year ending 31.03.2024.  | •                                       |
|            | Number of ordinary shares 60 000 Earnings per share (Rs.) 30 Total dividends (Rs.'000) 300 Income tax expense (Rs.'000) 700 Interest expenses (Rs.'000) 500   |   |
|            | Identify the following for the year ending 31.03.2024.  |   |
|            | (a) Dividends per share (Rs.) :   |   |
|            | (b) Profit after tax (Rs.'000) :  |   |
|            | (c) Interest cover ratio (Times):   |   |

| 46. | The following cost items relate to a firm, Classify each of these cost items as 'Direct Cost Item  |                                       | ole or Fixed'.   |
|-----|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|     | A - Cost of tires and tubes  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |
|     | B - Monthly wages of assembly workers  |                                       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |
|     | C - Monthly salary of the assembly division supervisor   |                                       |  |
|     | D - Costs of grease and oil  |                                       |  |
| 47. | State whether each of the following statement (T) or False (F).  | ts relating to costs of a             | manufacturing business is True   |
|     | Statement  |                                       | True / False   |
|     | A - The costs that can be identified spec  | ifically with a cost obj              | ject is known as   |
|     | overheads.  B - Stores ledger records both quantity ar a firm.   | nd value of raw materia               | al items used by   |
|     | C - Fixed overheads do not change due to level within the relevant range.  | the increase or decrease              | in the production  |
| -   | D - Wages paid to machine operators on outp  | out basis are classified as           | direct labour cost.  |
| 48. | A company manufactures a single product. It h relating to these cost centres is given below  | <del>-</del>                          | entres. The budgeted information  Cost Centre II   |
|     | Overheads absorbed per unit Processing time 2 direct Direct labour hours   | Rs. 100<br>labour hours<br>50 000     | Rs. 240 3 machine hours  20 000  |
|     | Machine hours Overheads absorption basis for Cost Centre I   | and Cost Centre II are                |  |
|     | hours respectively.  | und Cost Contro II are                | in the second se |
|     | Identify the following for each Production C   | ost Centre.                           |  |
|     |  | Cost Centre I                         | Cost Centre II   |
|     | (a) Overhead absorption rate (Rs.)   | ••••                                  | •••••  |
|     | (b) Total budgeted overheads (Rs.'000)   |                                       |  |
| 49. | Jaya PLC is planning to produce a single p<br>18 000 units. The company's expected break<br>is Rs. 80 per unit and the contribution to sa<br>Identify the following. | -even-point is 10 000 t               | activity level of the company is units. The expected selling price   |
|     | (a) Variable cost per unit (Rs.)   | :                                     |  |
|     | (b) Total fixed cost (Rs.'000)   | :                                     | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |
|     | (c) Total cost at the activity level of 18 00  | 0 units (Rs.'000) :                   |  |
|     | (d) Profit if the activity level is 15 000 uni   | ts (Rs.'000) :                        |  |
| 50. | A firm is considering to purchase an eco-frie life and residual value of this machine are This machine is depreciated on straight line machine is Rs. 625 000.       | estimated as 10 years                 | and Rs. 400 000 respectively.  |
|     | Identify the following for this machine.   |                                       |  |
|     | (a) Payback period (years)   | :                                     | ***************************************  |
|     | (b) Accounting rate of return (based on the  | average investment) :                 |  |

සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි/முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது/All Rights Reserved]

ල් ලංකා විතාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විතාග දෙපාර්ත**ල්**න්තුවෙ**න්නාවේන්තුවල්න්තුවල්න්තුව**මාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විතාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ඉහසාගසට පුර්ධතාපති නිශාගත්සභාව මුදෙසාගසට පුර්ධතාපති නිශාගත්සභාව මුදෙසාගසට පුර්ධතාපති නිශාගත්සභාව මුදෙසාගසට ප්රධාන දැපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විතාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ල් ල්කා විතාග විතාග සම්පාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා විතාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ල්කා විතාග සම්පාර්තමේන්තුව ල්කා විතාග සම්පාර්තමේන

අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2024 සහ්ඛාධ பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2024 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2024

ගිණුම්කරණය II கணக்கீடு II Accounting II



*පැය තුනයි* மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் **Three hours**  අමතර කියවීම් කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි ගෙහනුන வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள் Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions you will answer and decide which of them you will prioritise.

#### Use of non-programmable calculators is allowed.

#### **Instructions:**

- \* Answer five questions only, including questions one and two.
- \* Begin each answer on a fresh sheet of paper.
- \* Relevant workings should be attached to the answer script.
- \* This questions paper carries 200 marks.

| 1. 7 | The summarized | trial balance | of Saranga | PLC as | at 31.03.2024 | is given | below. |
|------|----------------|---------------|------------|--------|---------------|----------|--------|
|------|----------------|---------------|------------|--------|---------------|----------|--------|

| Description  | Dr. (Rs.'000) | Cr. (Rs.'000) |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Property, plant, and equipment   | 80 000        |               |
| Right-of-use asset   | 10 000        |               |
| Accumulated depreciation - Property, plant and equipment   |               | 16 000        |
| - Right-of-use asset   |               | 500           |
| Lease liability  |               | 10 000        |
| Sales  |               | 98 500        |
| Cost of sales  | 45 200        |               |
| Inventories  | 5 600         | N             |
| Other income   |               | 2 600         |
| Trade receivables  | 3 450         |               |
| Investment in treasury bills   | 18 000        |               |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 3 800         |               |
| Stated capital - Ordinary shares as at 01.04.2023  |               | 40 000        |
| Retained earnings as at 01.04.2023   |               | 33 200        |
| Revaluation reserve - Buildings  |               | 6 000         |
| Interim dividends  | 3 000         |               |
| Administrative expenses  | 25 250        |               |
| Distribution cost  | 10 750        | 182           |
| Finance cost   | 400           |               |
| Other expenses   | 800           | . ,           |
| Warranty expenses paid   | 600           |               |
| Provision for warranty as at 01.04.2023  |               | 900           |
| Income tax paid  | 1 400         |               |
| Provision for income tax as at 01.04.2023  |               | 550           |
| The state of the s | 208 250       | 208 250       |

#### **Additional Information:**

Before preparing the financial statements for the year ending 31.03.2024, the following information should be taken into consideration.

- (i) The company has measured inventories at the lower of total cost or total net realizable value. The total cost and total net realizable value of inventories as at 31.03.2024 were Rs. 5 600 000 and Rs. 6 200 000 respectively. However, the net realizable value of one inventory item as at 31.03.2024 was less than its cost by Rs. 450 000.
- (ii) The trade receivables balance is shown in the trial balance after offsetting the trade payables balance of Rs. 2 550 000 as at 31.03.2024.
- (iii) Cash and cash equivalents shown in the trial balance include investment in three-months treasury bills and six-months treasury bills of Rs. 600 000 and Rs. 1 500 000 respectively.
- (iv) The provision for warranty as at 31.03.2024 was estimated as Rs. 1 050 000.
- (v) The details of property, plant and equipment are as follows.

| Description      | Cost / Value as<br>at 31.03,2024<br>(Rs,'000) | Accumulated depreciation as at 31.03.2024 (Rs.'000) | Estimated useful life at the date of acquisition (Years) |
|------------------|---|---|--|
| Buildings        | 48 000  | 4 000   | 20   |
| Motor vehicles   | 20 000  | 12 000  | 5  |
| Office equipment | 12 000  | <b>_</b>  | 8  |
|                  | 80 000  | 16 000  |  |

- All these property, plant and equipment are used for administrative purpose. The depreciation
  of these assets for the current year has been correctly calculated and included in the
  administrative expenses. Further, there were no purchases or disposals of the property, plant
  and equipment during the year.
- The company had revalued its buildings for the first time on 31,03,2023 for Rs. 48 000 000 at its fair value and resulted a surplus of Rs. 7 000 000. This revaluation had been properly accounted.
- The cost and accumulated depreciation of office equipment as at 31.03.2024 were Rs. 16 000 000 and Rs. 3 000 000 respectively. The company revalued the office equipment for the first time on this date at its fair value of Rs. 12 000 000 and resulted a deficit. This deficit has been debited to the building revaluation reserve account.
- (vi) The company entered into a lease agreement on 01.04.2023 to obtain the right-of-use of a building for a period of 5 years. On this date, the cost of the right-of-use asset and the initial lease liability have been correctly accounted as Rs. 10 000 000. According to the lease agreement, 5 equal annual lease installments of Rs. 3 200 000 each is payable during the lease term commencing from 31.03.2024. The first lease installment has been paid on 31.03.2024 and recorded as an administrative expense. No other accounting entry had been made in relation to this installment payment. The lease interest applicable for the years ending 31.03.2024 and 31.03.2025 are Rs. 1 800 000 and Rs. 1 548 000 respectively. This building should be handed over to the lessor at the end of the lease term. However, this right-of-use asset has been depreciated over 20 years based on its useful life and it is included in the administrative expenses.
- (vii) Income tax paid shown in the trial balance consists of Rs. 600 000 paid for the previous year and tax paid for the first three quarters of the current year. The total income tax liability for the year ending 31.03.2024 was estimated as Rs. 1 100 000.
- (viii) The stated ordinary share capital as at 01.04.2023 consists of 4 000 000 shares issued at Rs.10 per share. The company capitalized retained earnings in the proportion of one share for every five shares held on this date at a consideration of Rs. 12 per share. No adjustment has been made in this respect in the books of accounts.

#### Required:

The following financial statements (including notes) of Saranga PLC for the publication purpose as per 'LKAS 1- Presentation of Financial Statements':

- (1) Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ending 31.03.2024
- (2) Statement of Financial Position as at 31.03.2024
- (3) Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ending 31.03.2024

(Total 40 marks)

2. (a) Amara PLC, a manufacturing entity, requires 10 000 units per annum of a raw material item. The purchase price per unit of this raw material is Rs. 2 000. The ordering cost per order of this raw material is Rs. 5 000. The annual stock holding cost per unit of this raw material is 20% of its purchase price. The maximum stock level and minimum stock level of the raw material are 700 units and 200 units respectively. The re-order level of this raw material is 600 units and its average lead time is 2 weeks.

#### Required:

- (1) Economic Order Quantity
- (2) Number of orders per year

(3) Average stock level

(4) Average consumption per week

(10 marks)

(b) Noreen PLC produces two types of products - 'A' and 'B'. The company consists of two production departments, namely; 'Assembly' and 'Finishing' and a service department - 'Stores'.

The Accounts Assistant of the company had calculated the following overhead absorption rates for the next year at the activity level of 3 000 units. (This activity level consists of 2 000 units of Product 'A' and 1 000 units of Product 'B'.)

- Assembly Department Rs. 20 per machine hour
- Finishing Department Rs. 30 per direct labour hour

Subsequently, it was revealed that the following errors have been done by the Accounts Assistant in calculating these overhead absorption rates.

- Budgeted machine hours for Assembly Department and budgeted direct labour hours for Finishing Department had been erroneously used as 65 000 and 35 000 respectively.
- The total non-production overheads Rs. 720 000 had been apportioned equally between Assembly and Finishing Departments.
- Although the correct total overheads of Stores was Rs. 210 000, it has been erroneously calculated as Rs. 150 000. However, it has been re-apportioned between Assembly and Finishing Departments at the correct ratio of 2:1 respectively.
- Further, the following production overheads had not been considered.

|  | IV.S.   |
|--|---------|
| Indirect wages - Assembly Department                       | 340 000 |
| - Finishing Department                                     | 80 000  |
| Rent for the special equipment used in Assembly Department | 420 000 |
| Insurance premium for machinery                            | 170 000 |
| Electricity for Production Departments                     | 100 000 |
| Staff welfare for Production Departments                   | 400 000 |

#### **Additional Information:**

- Machinery insurance premium relates only to Assembly and Finishing Departments. The value of machinery of the Assembly and Finishing Departments are Rs. 16 Million and Rs. 18 Million respectively.
- The budgeted kilowatt hours for Assembly and Finishing Departments are 8 000 and 2 000 respectively.
- The number of employees in Assembly and Finishing Departments are 60 and 20 respectively.
- The correct budgeted machine hours and budgeted direct labour hours are 40 000 and 20 000 respectively.

Processing time at the production departments is as follows.

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·      | Product A | Product B |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Assembly Department (Machine hours)        | 2         | 3         |
| Finishing Department (Direct labour hours) | 3         | 4.        |

- The prime cost per unit of Product 'A' and Product 'B' are Rs. 240 and Rs. 235 respectively.
- The company sells products keeping a 40% markup on the production cost.

#### Required:

- (1) Revised Overhead Analysis Sheet clearly showing the bases of apportionment
- (2) Revised overhead absorption rates for Assembly and Finishing Departments
- (3) Cost of production per unit of Product 'A' and Product 'B'
- (4) Total production cost and sales value at the activity level of 3 000 units

(30 Marks)

(Total 40 marks)

3. (a) Dilshan Enterprises is a firm selling a special type of computers. This firm is registered for Value Added Tax (VAT). The following balances as at 01.10.2024 have been extracted from the books of accounts of the business.

|                                 |   | Rs.'000 |
|---------------------------------|---|---------|
| Property, plant and equipment   |   |         |
| Inventory (2 computers) at cost | *************************************** | 250     |
| Trade debtors                   | *************************               | 126     |
| Cash                            | *************************               | 120     |
| Total Assets                    | *                                       | 820     |
|                                 |   |         |
| Equity                          | *************************************** | 610     |
| Trade creditors                 | *****                                   | 150     |
| VAT control - credit balance    | *************                           | 60      |
| Equity and Liabilities          |   | 820     |

The following transactions were taken place in the business during the month of October 2024.

#### No.

#### Transaction

- The owner provided Rs. 120 000 cash as additional capital to the business.
- 2 Received other income of Rs. 20 000.
- Sold the two computers, which were available in the opening inventory, for Rs. 295 000 each for credit (Inclusive of Rs. 45 000 VAT per computer).
- 4 Paid Rs. 135 000 to opening trade creditors after receiving a 10% cash discount.
- Purchased three computers on credit for Rs. 118 000 each (Inclusive of Rs. 18 000 VAT per computer).
- A computer costing Rs. 100 000 available in the inventory was obtained by the owner for his private use.
- A computer costing Rs. 100 000 available in the inventory was provided for the office use.
- Sold a computer for Rs. 177 000 for cash (Inclusive of Rs. 27 000 VAT). The cost of this computer was Rs. 100 000.
- 9 Paid operating expenses of Rs. 80 000.
- Received Rs. 120 000 from opening trade debtors after allowing a cash discount of Rs. 6 000.
- Purchased two computers for cash for Rs. 147 500 each (Inclusive of Rs. 22 500 VAT per computer).
- The closing inventory as at 31.10.2024 was measured at its net realizable value of Rs. 200 000. The difference between the cost and the net realizable value of the inventory was recognised as an expense.

#### Required:

(1) Record the balances as at 01.10.2024 and show the impact of transactions 1 to 12 (with values) using the accounting equation. State (+) if the value increases or (-) if the value decreases in front of each value. VAT relating to both sales and purchases should be recorded in the VAT Control column in the accounting equation. (In answering this question use a format similar to the one given below.)

(Rs. '000)

|                              |  |           | Assets =   |      | Liabilities +      |                                       | Equity |
|------------------------------|--|-----------|--|------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Balance / Transaction<br>No. | Property,<br>plant, and<br>equipment   | Inventory | Trade<br>debtors                                 | Cash | Trade<br>creditors | VAT<br>control                        |        |
| Balance as at 01.10.2024     |  |           |  |      |                    |                                       |        |
| 1                            |  |           |  |      |                    |                                       |        |
| 2                            |  |           | *.   |      |                    |                                       |        |
|                              |  |           |  |      |                    |                                       |        |
| en ine me her                | ************************************** |           | <del>*************************************</del> |      |                    | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |        |
| Balance as at 31.10.2024     |  |           |  |      |                    |                                       |        |

(2) The statement for the computation of the gross profit for the month ending 31.10.2024.

(30 marks)

(b) A welfare society had 200 members as at 01.04.2023. The annual subscription per member is Rs. 12 000. The following information relates to this welfare society for the year ending 31,03,2024.

#### Life membership:

- The welfare society introduced a life membership scheme on 01.04.2023. The life membership fee is equal to the annual subscription for 5 years. This amount is required to pay at once on the date the life membership is obtained.
- The policy of this society is to recognize the life membership fee as income equally over a period of 10 years starting from the year of receipt.
- 50 existing members and 10 new members obtained the life membership on 01.04,2023 by paying the due amount.

#### **Annual subscription:**

- There was no subscription received in advance or subscription in arrears as at 01.04.2023.
- No new members joined the society during the year other than the 10 new life members.
- 140 members paid the annual subscription for the current year and of which, 15 members paid the annual subscription for the next year as well.
- The remaining 10 members failed to pay the annual subscription for the current year.

#### **Donations:**

- The welfare society received a donation of Rs. 1 000 000 on 01.07.2023 to build a sports centre. From this donation, Rs. 100 000 was paid on 01.10.2023 for the design of the sports centre. The construction of the sports centre was commenced on 01.01.2024 and Rs. 400 000 was payable as at 31.03.2024 to the contractor for the work completed by this date,
- The policy of the society is to recognize donations as income based on the amount utilised during a year.

#### Required:

The following accounts of the welfare society for the year ending 31.03.2024:

- (1) Life membership fund account
- (2) Subscription account
- (3) Donation fund account

**4.** (a) Amaran (Pvt) Ltd conducts a trading business. The company purchases goods only on credit basis and sells goods on both credit basis and cash. This company is registered for value added tax (VAT).

Balances of some general ledger accounts as at 01.01.2024 are given below.

|                                      | Rs.'000 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|
| Cash account                         | 80      |
| Trade debtors control account        | 295     |
| Trade creditors control account      | 118     |
| VAT control account - credit balance | 27      |

The following transactions have occurred in the business during the month of January 2024.

(i) Sales during the month:

|                 | <b>Amount</b> ( <b>Rs.</b> '000) | VAT included in sales (Rs. '000) |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Credit sales:   |                                  |                                  |
| - Wimal Traders | 708                              | 108                              |
| - Helan Ltd     | 472                              | 72                               |
| Cash sales      | 236                              | - 36                             |

(ii) Purchases during the month:

|                | Amount (Rs.'000) | VAT included in purchases (Rs.'000) |
|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Asoka Ltd      | 826              | 126                                 |
| Samagi Traders | 590              | 90                                  |

(iii) Cash receipts and cash payments during the month:

| Amount | t (Rs | :.2000) |
|--------|-------|---------|
|        |       |         |

Cash receipts:

| From opening trade debtors  | 295 |
|---|-----|
| From Wimal Traders (After allowing a cash discount of Rs. 25 000) | 683 |
| From cash sales   | 236 |

#### Cash payments:

| To opening trade creditors                                   | 118 |
|--|-----|
| Opening VAT payable  | 27  |
| To Asoka Ltd (After receiving a cash discount of Rs. 30 000) | 796 |
| Operating expenses   | 500 |

#### Required:

- (1) The following prime entry books for the month of January 2024:
  - (i) Cash Receipts Journal
  - (ii) Cash Payments Journal
  - (iii) Sales Journal
  - (iv) Purchase Journal
- (2) Journal entries with narration to post the totals of above prime entry books to the general ledger

(20 marks)

(b) The following information was extracted from the financial statements of Sara PLC.

| For the year ending 31.03.2024: | Rs.'000 |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Sales                           | 2 000   |
| Cost of sales                   | 1 200   |
| Interest expenses               | 30      |
| Income tax for the year         | 70      |
| Profit after tax                | 180     |

| As at 31.03.2024:             | Rs.'000 |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Property, plant and equipment | 520     |
| Inventory                     | 150     |
| Trade receivables             | 200     |
| Cash and cash equivalents     | 80      |
| Ordinary share capital        | 300     |
| Retained earnings             | 200     |
| 12% debentures                | 250     |
| Current liabilities           | 200     |

#### Additional information:

- Inventory as at 01.04.2023 was Rs. 250 000.
- Trade receivables as at 01.04.2023 was Rs. 300 000.
- All sales are made on credit basis.
- Assume 360 working days per annum.

#### Required:

The following ratios for the year ending 31.03.2024:

(1) Gross Profit Ratio

(2) Net Profit Ratio

(3) Stock Turnover Ratio

(4) Quick Assets Ratio

(5) Return on Equity Ratio

(6) Debtors' Collection Period

(7) Debt Ratio

(10 marks)

(c) A company is considering a project to purchase a machine costing Rs. 2 500 000. The machine is expected to use for a period of 5 years. At the end of the 5<sup>th</sup> year, the expected residual value of this machine is Rs. 500 000.

The estimated sales (in units) are as follows.

| Year          | 1     | 2     | 3     | 4     | 5     |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Sales (units) | 7 000 | 8 000 | 9 000 | 6 500 | 4 000 |

The selling price per unit is estimated as Rs. 500. It is expected that the selling price will increase to Rs. 600 and Rs. 750 in years 4 and 5 respectively. The annual direct operating cost is estimated as 50% of the sales revenue. The annual indirect cost including depreciation is estimated as Rs. 1 100 000. The company depreciates machines on straight-line method.

The required rate of return on investment is 10% and its discounting factors are as follows.

| Year   | 1    | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|
| Discounting factor (at nearest two decimal places) | 0.91 | 0.83 | 0.75 | 0.68 | 0.62 |

#### Required:

- (1) The estimated annual cash inflows and outflows of the project showing each cashflow item separately
- (2) The Net Present Value (NPV) of the project
- (3) Recommendation to invest in the project based on the NPV

(10 marks)

[See page eight

- 5. (a) Lal and Piyal are partners of a trading business. The terms of the partnership agreement are as follows.
  - Partners are entitled to share the profits and losses equally.
  - Each partner is entitled to a 10% interest per annum on the opening capital balance.
  - Each partner is entitled to a monthly salary of Rs.100 000.
  - Partners are entitled to receive a 10% interest per annum on the loans provided to the partnership.

The trial balance of the partnership as at 31.03.2024 is given below.

| Description                                     | Dr. (Rs.'000) | Cr. (Rs.'000) |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Sales   |               | 15 400        |
| Cost of sales                                   | 6 000         |               |
| Inventory (based on the physical stock)         | 700           |               |
| Administrative expenses                         | 3 800         |               |
| Distribution expenses                           | 2 200         |               |
| Other expenses                                  | 600           |               |
| Property, plant and equipment - Carrying amount | 8 000         | 1             |
| Cash  | 2 500         | - A           |
| Loan – Lal                                      | *             | 1 000         |
| Capital accounts as at 01.04.2023:              |               |               |
| Lal   |               | 4 000         |
| Piyal   |               | 2 000         |
| Current accounts as at 01.04.2023:              |               |               |
| Lal   |               | 700           |
| Piyal   |               | 100           |
| Suspense account                                |               | 600           |
|   | 23 800        | 23 800        |

#### Additional information:

- (i) Kamal, the manager of the partnership, was admitted as a partner with effect from 31.03.2024. The partners agreed to share profits and losses equally in the new partnership as well. On this date, the goodwill of the partnership was estimated as Rs. 2 400 000. However, the goodwill has not been accounted for.
- (ii) Kamal was entitled to an annual bonus of Rs. 1 000 000 as per his employment contract. This bonus for the current year neither has been paid nor recorded in the books of accounts. All partners agreed to treat this bonus as Kamal's capital.
- (iii) Interest on capital balances of the partners for the current year have been debited to other expenses and credited to the suspense account.
- (iv) During the year, Lal has drawn six-month's salary in cash. Further, Piyal has drawn the entire salaries for the current year and the salary for April 2024 in cash during the year. The total salaries drawn by the partners in cash have been recorded in administrative expenses.
- (v) Interest on the loan provided by Lal for the current year neither has been paid nor accounted.
- (vi) During the year, Lal and Piyal have taken goods costing Rs. 300 000 and Rs. 200 000 respectively from the partnership for their personal use. No adjustment has been made in the books of accounts in this respect.
- (vii) During the year, Kamal has taken goods costing Rs. 100 000 for his personal use. No adjustment has been made in the books of accounts in this respect. When Kamal was admitted as a partner, other partners agreed to treat the goods taken by him as a gift given to him by the partnership.

#### Required:

- (1) Income Statement of the partnership for the year ending 31.03.2024 (including appropriations to the partners)
- (2) Capital Accounts and Current Accounts of partners for the year ending 31.03.2024

(30 marks)

(b) Gamini is carrying out a consultancy service business. All cash transactions of this business are carried out through a bank current account. The debit balance of the cash account of the business as at 31.12.2023 was Rs. 35 800. However, the bank statement balance on this date did not agree with the cash account balance. The bank statement was received on 03.01.2024.

The subsequent investigation revealed that this difference has resulted due to the following reasons.

- On 15.12.2023, a consultancy income of Rs. 60 000 has been directly remitted to the bank.
- On 20.12.2023, the bank has paid a standing order payment of Rs. 25 000 for office building insurance.
- On 27.12.2023, a cheque of Rs. 80 000 issued for the payment of rent has been recorded twice in the cash payments journal.
- On 28.12.2023, the bank has debited bank charges of Rs. 1 000 to the current account.
- On 29.12.2023, a cheque of Rs. 25 000 issued for the payment of electricity charges has been dishonoured by the bank due to an error in the signature.
- A cheque of Rs. 50 000 issued to a trade creditor during the month of December 2023 has not been presented to the bank for payment by 31.12.2023.
- A cheque of Rs. 45 000 received from a trade debtor and deposited in the bank on 30.12.2023, has not been realized by 31.12.2023.

Direct remittances, standing order payments and bank charges are recorded in the cash account when the bank statement is received. No adjustment has been made in the cash account for the dishonoured cheque.

#### Required:

- (1) Cash account for the month ending 31.12.2023 showing the adjustments required to revise the cash balance
- (2) Bank Reconciliation Statement for the month of December 2023 (10 marks) (Total 40 marks)
- **6.** (a) The following information has been extracted from the Statements of Financial Position of Deshani PLC as at 31.03.2024 and 31.03.2023.

| ·   | As at 31.03.2024 | As at 31.03.2023 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
|   | (Rs.'000)        | (Rs.'000)        |
| Property, plant and equipment - Carrying amount | 23 500           | 19 750           |
| Right-of-use assets - Carrying amount           | 12 000           | 7 000            |
| Inventories                                     | 7 500            | 5 400            |
| Trade receivables                               | 6 500            | 3 250            |
| Cash and cash equivalents                       | 1 500            | 1 100            |
| Lease liability                                 | 8 900            | 5 500            |
| Trade payables                                  | 3 000            | 4 000            |
| Income tax payable                              | 700              | 550              |
| Retained earnings                               | 7 400            | 6 450            |

#### Additional information:

- (i) Profit before tax and profit after tax for the year ending 31.03.2024 were Rs. 5 500 000 and Rs. 4 300 000 respectively.
- (ii) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and depreciation of right-of-use assets for the year ending 31.03.2024 were Rs. 2 800 000 and Rs. 1 400 000 respectively.
- (iii) The company sold a motor vehicle for cash with a profit of Rs. 800 000 on 01.10.2023. The carrying amount of this motor vehicle on this date was Rs. 2 600 000. Further, during the current year, the company has purchased a machine for cash.

- (iv) The company entered into a new lease agreement to obtain the right-of-use of a motor vehicle on 01.04.2023. On this day, an initial payment was also made and the present value of the lease payments was Rs. 5 400 000.
- (v) The lease installments including the lease interest of Rs. 900 000 were paid on 31.03.2024.
- (vi) The share issues made by the company during the year ending 31.03.2024 are as follows.
  - A public issue of shares for a cash consideration of Rs. 8 500 000.
  - Issue of shares by capitalising retained earnings of Rs. 2500 000.
- (vii) The company has also paid an interim dividend during the current year.

#### Required:

Statement of Cash Flows of Deshani PLC for the year ending 31.03.2024 as per 'LKAS 7 – Statement of Cash Flows' (Use indirect method to show the cash flows resulting from the operating activities). (20 marks)

(b) The management of a pre-school is planning to hold a sports meet during January 2025. The pre-school has 70 students. The expected costs of the sports meet are as follows.

|   | Rs.    |
|---|--------|
| Cost of a sports uniform per student                        | 6 000  |
| Cost of a food packet per student                           | 400    |
| Cost of printing a certificate of participation per student | 100    |
| Cost of gifts for sports events                             | 30 000 |
| Cost of hiring chairs and decorations                       | 40 000 |
| Cost of preparing the sports ground                         | 25 000 |
| Cost of hiring the sound system                             | 10 000 |
| Cost of food for guests                                     | 55 000 |

#### Additional information:

The costs of the sports meet are expected to cover through the following sources.

- The past students of this pre-school have agreed to donate Rs. 2 000 per a sports uniform of each student participating in the sports meet.
- The chairman of the board of management of the pre-school has agreed to sponsor the total hiring cost of the sound system of the sports meet.
- The balance amount will be covered by charging a fee from each participating student.

#### Required:

Calculate the following by considering the cost items to be incurred by the pre-school.

- (1) Total fixed cost of the sports meet
- (2) Variable cost per student
- (3) The number of students required to participate in the sports meet to cover the total cost if a fee of Rs. 7 500 is charged from each student
- (4) The expected surplus if all students of the pre-school participate in the sports meet and a fee of Rs. 7 500 is charged from each student
- (5) The margin of safety (in students) if a fee of Rs. 9 500 is charged from each student and 55 students participate in the sports meet
- (6) The fee to be charged from each student to cover the total cost, if a donation of Rs. 45 000 is received to cover a part of the fixed cost and 60 students participate in the sports meet

(20 marks)

(Total 40 marks)



## Department of Examinations - Sri Lanka

# G.C.E. (A/L) Examination - 2024

# 33 - Accounting

**Marking Scheme** 

This has been prepared for the use of marking examiners. Changes would be made according to the views presented at the Chief/Assistant Examiners' meeting.

## General Certificate of Education (A/L) Examination - 2024

## 33 - Accounting

## Distribution of Marks

Paper I

04 x 50

20

Paper II

= 200

Total

 $= 400 \div 4$ 

**Final Marks** 

= 100

## Common Techniques of Marking Answer Scripts.

It is compulsory to adhere to the following standard method in marking answer scripts and entering marks into the mark sheets.

- 1. Use a red color ball point pen for marking. (Only Chief/Additional Chief Examiner may use a mauve color pen.)
- 2. Note down Examiner's Code Number and initials on the front page of each answer script.
- 3. Write off any numerals written wrong with a clear single line and authenticate the alterations with Examiner's initials.
- 4. Write down marks of each subsection in a \( \triangle \) and write the final marks of each question as a rational number in a \( \triangle \) with the question number. Use the column assigned for Examiners to write down marks.

**Example:** Question No. 03

(i) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{4}{5}}$$
(ii) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$$
(iii) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$$
(iii) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$$

## MCQ answer scripts: (Template)

- 1. Marking templets for G.C.E.(A/L) and GIT examination will be provided by the Department of Examinations itself. Marking examiners bear the responsibility of using correctly prepared and certified templates.
- 2. Then, check the answer scripts carefully. If there are more than one or no answers Marked to a certain question write off the options with a line. Sometimes candidates may have erased an option marked previously and selected another option. In such occasions, if the erasure is not clear write off those options too.
- 3. Place the template on the answer script correctly. Mark the right answers with a '√' and the wrong answers with a 'X' against the options column. Write down the number of correct answers inside the cage given under each column. Then, add those numbers and write the number of correct answers in the relevant cage.

#### Structured essay type and assay type answer scripts:

- 1. Cross off any pages left blank by candidates. Underline wrong or unsuitable answers. Show areas where marks can be offered with check marks.
- 2. Use the right margin of the overland paper to write down the marks.
- 3. Write down the marks given for each question against the question number in the relevant cage on the front page in two digits. Selection of questions should be in accordance with the instructions given in the question paper. Mark all answers and transfer the marks to the front page, and write off answers with lower marks if extra questions have been answered against instructions.
- 4. Add the total carefully and write in the relevant cage on the front page. Turn pages of answer script and add all the marks given for all answers again. Check whether that total tallies with the total marks written on the front page.

#### Preparation of Mark Sheets.

Except for the subjects with a single question paper, final marks of two papers will not be calculated within the evaluation board this time. Therefore, add separate mark sheets for each of the question paper. Write paper 01 marks in the paper 01 column of the mark sheet and write them in words too. Write paper II Marks in the paper II Column and wright the relevant details. For the subject 51 Art, marks for Papers 01, 02 and 03 should be entered numerically in the mark sheets.

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## G.C.E. (A/L) Examination - 2024 33 - Accounting Paper I

| Question | Answer |  |
|----------|--------|--|
| 1 1      | 5      |  |
| 2        | 3      |  |
| 3        | 5      |  |

| Question | Answer |
|----------|--------|
| 4 °      | 1      |
| 5        | 2      |
| 6        | 3      |
| 7        | 4      |

| Question | Answer |
|----------|--------|
| 8        | 3      |
| 9        | 5      |
| 10       | 1      |

| Question | Answer |
|----------|--------|
| 11       | 4      |
| 12       | 4      |
| 13       | 4      |
| 14       | 5      |
| 15       | 3      |
| 16       | 1      |

| Question | Answer |
|----------|--------|
| 17       | 3      |
| 18       | 2      |
| 19:      | 4      |
| 20       | 5      |
| 21       | 4      |
| 22       | . 4 3  |

| Question | Answer |
|----------|--------|
| 23       | 3      |
| 24       | 3      |
| 25       | 5      |
| 26       | 5      |

| Question | Answer |
|----------|--------|
| 27       | 3      |
| 28       | 3      |
| 29       | 5      |
| 30       | 2      |

(04 Marks for each right answer for Questions 1 -30, Total Marks 120)

- 31. A Professional/3 (01)
  B Legal/2 (01)
  C Technological/4 (01)
  D Economic/1 (01)
- 32. (a) Rs.' 000

  Assets Liabilities Equity

  1 -50 50 01

  2 -100 -100 01
  - (b) 125 (Rs.'000) **(02)**
- 33. A Purchase Journal

  B General Journal

  C Cash Receipts Journal

  D Cash Payments Journal

  01

  01
- 34. C Cash A/C Dr. (Rs. '000) 5 000 Sales A/C Cr. (Rs. '000) 5 000
  - D Trade Creditors Control A/C Dr. (Rs. '000) 2 500

    Cash A/C Cr. (Rs. '000) 2 400

    Discount Received A/C Cr. (Rs. '000) 100

9

| 36. | A -        | Money measurement   | <b>01</b>                                     |  |             |
|-----|------------|---|---|--|-------------|
|     | В-         | Disclosure  | <b>01</b>                                     |  | -           |
|     | C -        | Matching (  | 01  | $\frac{\lambda_{i}}{\lambda_{i}} = \frac{\lambda_{i}}{\lambda_{i}} = \frac{\lambda_{i}}{\lambda$ |             |
|     | D -        | Materiality   | <b>01</b>                                     | •  |             |
|     |            |   |   |  |             |
| 37. | A -        | Decrease (D) (1)  | (Rs.'000) 20 <b>(01</b>                       | )  |             |
|     | В-         | Increase (I) (I) (F   | Rs.' 000) 250 <b>01</b>                       | )  | ā           |
|     |            |   |   | . A  |             |
| 38. | <b>A</b> - | Current 01  |   |  |             |
|     | В-         | Section 42 (1)  |   | e.   |             |
|     | <b>C</b> - | Companies Act No.7 of 2   | 2007 (01)                                     | 20 (1)   |             |
|     |            | -   |   |  |             |
|     |            |   |   |  |             |
| 39. | (a)        | Description   | Dr. (Rs.'000)                                 | Cr. (Rs.'000)  |             |
| 39. | (a)        | <b>Description</b> Cash A/C   | <b>Dr. (Rs.'000)</b> 1 000                    | Cr. (Rs.'000)  |             |
| 39. | (a)        | <del>-</del>  |   | Cr. (Rs.'000)  | <b>02</b>   |
| 39. | (a)        | Cash A/C  | 1 000<br>2 000                                | Cr. (Rs.'000)  | <b>02</b>   |
| 39. |            | Cash A/C<br>Land A/C  | 1 000<br>2 000                                |  | <b>@2</b> ) |
| 39. | (a)<br>(b) | Cash A/C Land A/C Capital A/C - Chamara   | 1 000<br>2 000                                | 3 000  | <b>@</b> 2  |
| 39. |            | Cash A/C Land A/C Capital A/C - Chamara  Description  | 1 000<br>2 000<br>Dr. (Rs.'000)               |  | <b>@</b> 2  |
| 39. |            | Cash A/C Land A/C Capital A/C - Chamara  Description Capital A/C - Amal   | 1 000<br>2 000<br>Dr. (Rs.'000)<br>400        | 3 000  | <b>02</b>   |
| 39. |            | Cash A/C Land A/C Capital A/C - Chamara  Description  | 1 000<br>2 000<br>Dr. (Rs.'000)               | 3 000  |             |
| 39. |            | Cash A/C Land A/C Capital A/C - Chamara  Description Capital A/C - Amal   | 1 000<br>2 000<br>Dr. (Rs.'000)<br>400        | 3 000  | <b>02</b>   |
| 39. |            | Cash A/C Land A/C Capital A/C - Chamara  Description Capital A/C - Amal Capital A/C - Bimal                       | 1 000<br>2 000<br>Dr. (Rs.'000)<br>400<br>400 | 3 000  |             |
| 39. |            | Cash A/C Land A/C Capital A/C - Chamara  Description Capital A/C - Amal Capital A/C - Bimal Capital A/C - Chamara | 1 000<br>2 000<br>Dr. (Rs.'000)<br>400<br>400 | 3 000 ] Cr. (Rs.'000)  |             |

## Alternative presentation:

| Description           | Dr. (Rs.'000) | Cr. (Rs.'000) |      |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|------|
| Capital A/C - Chamara | 400           |               |      |
| Capital A/C - Amal    |               | 200           | (02) |
| Capital A/C - Bimal   |               | 200           |      |

40. A - Residual 01
B - Economic resource 01

C - Increases (01) Decreases (01)

41. A - True **(01)** 

B - True **(1)** 

C - True (01)

D - False (01)

42. (a) 1 (1) and 2 (1)

(b) Total assets 57 (Rs. Mn) (01)

Total liabilities 25 (Rs. Mn) (01)

43. (a) 2 400 (Rs.' 000) (01)

(b) 3840 (Rs. 000) (01)

(c) 720 (Rs.' 000) (02)

44. A - True (01)

B - False (01)

C - True **(01)** 

D - True (01)

45. (a) Rs.5 **(1)** 

(b) 1 800 (Rs. 000) **(01)** 

(c) 6 Times **(02)** 

- 46. A Direct/D Variable/V
  - B Direct/D Fixed/F
  - C Indirect/I Fixed/F
  - D Indirect/I Variable/V

- If items correct;
- 8 or 7 = 04 Marks,
- 6 or 5 = 03 Marks,
- 4 or 3 = 02 Marks
- 2 or 1 = 01 Mark

- 47. A False **(01)** 
  - B True 01
  - C True (01)
  - D True (01)
- 48.

- Cost Cost
  Center I Center II
- (a) (Rs.)
- 50 (01)
- 80 01

04

- (b) (Rs.'000)
- 2 500(01)
- 1 600 (01)

- 49. (a) (Rs.) 60
- (01)
- (b) (Rs.'000) 200 **(01**
- (c) (Rs. '000) 1 280 **Q1**
- (d) (Rs.'000) 100 **(1)**
- 50. (a) 8 Years **(2)** 
  - (b) 6.11% **(02**)

**(80 Marks)** 

Question No.

1 - 30 31 - 50 120 Marks <u>80 Marks</u> 200 Marks

### Question No. 1

# Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ending 31.03.2024

|   |                |                  | _             |
|---|----------------|------------------|---------------|
|   | Notes          | Rs.'000          |               |
| Sales                                     |                | 98 500*          | *Any 01       |
| Cost of sales                             |                | (45 200)*        | items         |
| Gross profit                              |                | 53 300           | 01            |
| Other income                              |                | 2 600*           |               |
| Distribution cost                         | i dan maran sa | (11 500)         | (01) WR1      |
| Administrative expenses                   |                | (23 550)         | 02 WR2        |
| Other expenses                            |                | (2 250)          | (02) WR3      |
| Finance cost                              |                | (2 200)          | (01) WR4      |
| Profit before tax                         | 01             | 16 400           | <del></del> - |
| Income tax expense                        |                | (1 150)          | 01 WR4.1      |
| Profit for the year                       |                | <b>01</b> 15 250 |               |
| Other comprehensive income                |                | -                |               |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | (              | 01) 15 250       |               |
|   | <u> </u>       | I                | 1             |

**Note 01:** Profit for the year has been calculated after charging the expenses including following.

|  | Rs.'000           |  |
|--|-------------------|--|
| Lease interest                               | 1 800 7           |  |
| Depreciation - Property, plant and equipment | $10\ 000$         |  |
| Depreciation- Right-of-use asset             | 2 000 Any 4 items |  |
| Revaluation deficit                          | 1 000 with values |  |
| Warranty expenses                            | 750 maximum 02    |  |
| Inventory written-off                        | 450 J             |  |

(14 Marks)

| WR 1 Distribution Cost             | ···                   | Rs.'000         |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Balance                            |                       | 10 750          |
| Warranty expenses                  |                       | 750 01          |
| Total                              |                       | 11 500          |
|                                    | T                     | <del></del>     |
| WR 2 Administrative Expense        | S                     |                 |
| Balance                            |                       | 25 250          |
| Lease instalment                   | *                     | (3 200) 01      |
| Incorrectly calculated right-of-us | se asset depreciation | (500)           |
| Correct depreciation of right-of-t | use asset             | 2 000           |
| Total                              |                       | 23 550          |
|                                    |                       |                 |
| WR 3 Other Expenses                | 1 - 1                 |                 |
| Balance                            |                       | 800             |
| Inventory written-off              |                       | 450 01          |
| Revaluation deficit                |                       | 1 000 01        |
| Total                              |                       | 2 250           |
|                                    |                       |                 |
| WR 4 Finance Cost                  |                       |                 |
| Balance                            |                       | 400             |
| Lease interest                     |                       | 1 800 <b>01</b> |
| Total                              |                       | 2 200           |
| WR 4.1 Income Tax Expenses         |                       |                 |
| Income tax liability for the year  |                       | 1 100           |
| Income tax under provision for the | he last year          | 50 01           |
| Total                              |                       | 1 150           |

# Saranga PLC Statement of Financial Position as at 31.03.2024



|                                  | Notes                                 | Rs.'000            |               |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Non-current Assets               |                                       |                    |               |
| Property, plant and equipment    | 02                                    | <b>(01)</b> 64 000 |               |
| Right-of-use asset               | 03                                    | <b>01</b> 8 000    |               |
|                                  |                                       | y                  |               |
| Current Assets                   |                                       |                    |               |
| Inventory                        | i<br>Sana Sana mana sa                | 5 150              | <b>01</b> WR5 |
| Trade receivables                | e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e | 6 000              | <b>01</b> WR6 |
| Investments in treasury bills    | n i Salit<br>Haran                    | 19 500             | 01 WR7        |
| Cash and cash equivalents        | ·                                     | 2 300              | 01 WR8        |
|                                  |                                       |                    | VVNO          |
| Total Assets                     |                                       | 104 950            |               |
| Equity                           |                                       |                    |               |
| Stated capital - ordinary shares |                                       | <b>(01)</b> 49 600 |               |
|                                  |                                       |                    |               |
| Revaluation reserve              |                                       | 7 000              |               |
| Retained earnings                |                                       | 35 850             |               |
|                                  |                                       |                    |               |
| Non-current Liabilities          | -                                     |                    | ,             |
| Lease liability                  |                                       | <b>(01)</b> 6 948  |               |
|                                  |                                       |                    |               |
| Current Liabilities              |                                       |                    |               |
| Trade payables                   | <b>.</b> .                            | 2 550              | <b>(01)</b>   |
| Lease liability                  | in the week of the second             | 1 652              | <b>(01)</b>   |
| Provision for warranty           |                                       | 1 050              | 01            |
| Provision for income tax         |                                       | 300                | <b>01</b> WR9 |
|                                  |                                       |                    |               |
| Total of Equity and Liabilities  |                                       | <u>104 950</u>     |               |

Note 2: Property, Plant and Equipment

Rs.'000

| Cost/value                           | Building     | Motor    | Office    | Total              |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|
|                                      |              | Vehicle  | Equipment |                    |
| Balance as at 01.04.2023             | 48,000*      | 20 000*  | 16 000,*  | <b>01</b> ) 84 000 |
| Transfer of accumulated depreciation |              |          | (3 000)   | <b>01</b> (3 000)  |
| Revaluation deficit                  |              | -        | (1,000)   | (1 000)            |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024             | 48 000       | 20 000   | 12 000    | 80 000             |
| Accumulated Depreciation             | Building     | Motor    | Office    | Total              |
| 1871                                 |              | Vehicle  | Equipment |                    |
| Balance as at 01.04.2023             | -(           | 01 8 000 | 1 000     | 9 000              |
| Depreciation for the year            | (02) **4,000 | **4 000  | **2 000   | 10 000             |
| Transfer of accumulated depreciation | -            | 60 9 Yu  | (3 000)   | (3 000)            |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024             | 4 000        | 12 000   | -         | 16 000             |
| Carrying amount as at 31.03.2024     | 44 000       | 8 000    | 12 000    | 64 000             |

<sup>\*</sup>At least two balances - 01 mark

| Note 03: | Right-of-use Asset - Building (Rs.'000 | )) (01) |
|----------|--|---------|
|          |  |         |

| Note 05: Aight-01-use Asset - Dunum | g (ms. vvv) |        |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------|
| Cost                                |             |        |
| Balance as at 01.04.2023            |             | -      |
| Additions                           |             | 10 000 |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024            |             | 10 000 |
| Accumulated depreciation            |             |        |
| Balance as at 01.04.2023            |             | -      |
| Depreciation for the year           |             | 2 000  |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024            |             | 2 000  |
| Carrying amount as at 31.03.2024    | *           | 8 000  |
| 1                                   | 1           |        |

(22 Marks)

<sup>\*\*</sup>All three items - 02 marks, 2 items - 01 mark

| WR 5 Inventory                     | Rs.'000  |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Balance                            | 5 600    |
| Inventory written-off              | (450) 01 |
| Revised balance                    | 5 150    |
| WR 6 Trade Receivables             |          |
| Balance                            | 3 450    |
| Netted off trade payables          | 2550     |
| Revised balance                    | 6 000    |
| WR 7 Investments in Treasury Bills |          |
| Balance                            | 18 000   |
| 6-months treasury bills            | 1 500 01 |
| Revised balance                    | 19 500   |

|                                   | Rs.'000                                |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| WR 8 Cash and Cash Equivalents    |  |
| Balance                           | 3 800                                  |
| 6-months treasury bills           | (1 500) 01                             |
| Revised balance                   | 2 300                                  |
| WR 9 Income Tax Payable (Rs.'000) |  |
| Balance as at 01.04.2023          | 550                                    |
| Current year income tax provision | 1 150 7                                |
| Payment of income tax             | $\underbrace{(1\ 400)}  \boxed{  01 }$ |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024          | <u>300</u>                             |

| WR 10 Lease Liability Rs.'000 | e en |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Balance                       | <del>-</del>                             |
| Acquisition                   | 10 000                                   |
| Lease instalment              | (3 200)                                  |
| Lease interest                | 1 800                                    |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024      | 8 600                                    |
| Current liability             | 1 652                                    |
| Long-term liability           | 6 948                                    |

(3)

#### Saranga PLC Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ending 31.03.2024

Rs.'000

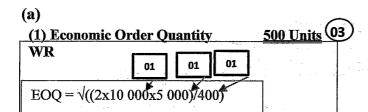
|                                     | Stated     | Retained           | Revaluation | Total   |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|---------|
|                                     | capital -  | earnings           | reserve -   | :       |
| **                                  | ordinary   |                    | buildings   | -       |
|                                     | shares     |                    |             |         |
| Balance as at 01.04.2023            | 40 000     | 33 200             | 7 000 WR11  | 80 200  |
| Capitalisation of retained earnings | 9 600      | (9 600)(           | 01          | -       |
| Total comprehensive income          |            | <b>(01)</b> 15 250 |             | 15 250  |
|                                     | et english |                    |             |         |
| Interim dividends                   |            | (3 000)            | 01          | (3 000) |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024            | 49 600     | 35 850             | 7 000       | 91 450  |

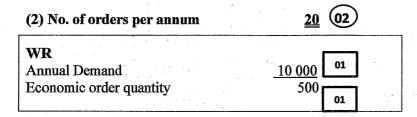
(04 Marks)

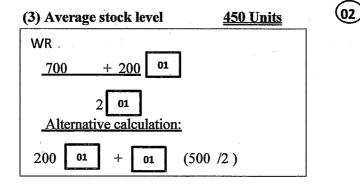
#### **WR 11 Revaluation Reserve**

| Balance                         | 6 000    |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Reversal of revaluation deficit | 1 000 01 |
| Revised balance                 | 7 000    |

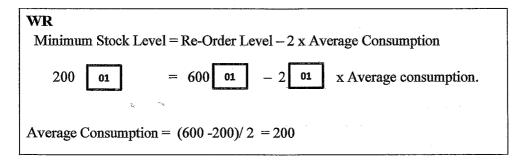
| Part  | (1) | (2) | (3) | Total |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
|       | 14  | 22  | 04  | 40    |
| Total |     |     | -   | 40    |







# (4) Average consumption per week 200 Units 03



(10 Marks)

| , | • | •  |
|---|---|----|
| • | ь | ٠, |
|   |   |    |
|   |   |    |

| (1) Revised Overhead Analysi                      | is Sheet                               |                   |           | . 1         | Rs.          |
|---|--|-------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|
| Description                                       | Basis of<br>Apportionment              | Total             | Assembly  | Finishing   | Stores       |
| Already calculated                                |  | 2 350 000         | 1 300 000 | 1 050 000   | <b>(01)</b>  |
| Less:   |  |                   | _         |             |              |
| Erroneously included non-<br>production overheads |  | (720 000)         | (360 000) | (360 000)   | <b>(1)</b>   |
| Re-apportioned overheads of Stores Department     |  | (150 000)         | (100 000) | (50 000)    | <b>(1)</b>   |
| Correct total overheads of                        |  |                   | *         | <u>,</u>    | i            |
| Stores  |  |                   |           |             | 210 000      |
|   | ** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** | 1 690 000         | 840 000   | 640 000     | 210 000      |
| Adjustments for overheads                         |  |                   |           |             | 01           |
| not considered:                                   |  | 1. # I:           |           |             | $\widehat{}$ |
| Indirect wages                                    | Direct (01)                            | 420 000           | 340 000   | 80 000      | <b>(01)</b>  |
| Special equipment rent                            | Direct                                 | 420 000           | 420 000   | 01          |              |
| Insurance premium                                 | Machinery value                        | <b>①1</b> 170 000 | 80 000    | 90 000      | 01           |
| Electricity                                       | Kilowatt hours                         | 100 000           | 80 000    | 20 000      | 01           |
| Staff welfare                                     | No. of employees 1                     | 400 000           | 300 000   | 100 000     | <b>(01)</b>  |
|   |  | 3 200 000         | 2 060 000 | 930 000     | 210 000      |
| Re-apportionment of Stores overheads              | 2:1                                    |                   | 140 000   | 70 000      | (210 000)    |
| Total production overheads                        |  | 3 200 000         | 2 200 000 | 1 000 000   |              |
|   |  |                   | ·         | <del></del> |              |

**(16 Marks)** 

**(2)** 

Assembly

**Finishing** 

Revised overhead absorption rates

Rs. 55 02

<u>Rs. 50</u> 02

per machine hour per direct labour hour

(04 Marks)

| WR Total production overheads | 01 2 200 000 01 | 1 000 000 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
| No. of hours                  | 40 000 o1       | 20 01     |

(3)

|  | Product A              | <b>Product B</b> |  |  |
|--|------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Production cost per unit (Rs.)           | <u>500</u> 03          | <u>600</u> (03)  |  |  |
| en e |                        | (06 Marks)       |  |  |
| WR                                       |                        | Rs               |  |  |
| Prime cost                               | 240 01                 | 235 01           |  |  |
| Revised production overheads:            |                        |                  |  |  |
| Assembly (55 x 2)                        | <b>01</b> 110 (55 x 3) | 01 165           |  |  |
| Finishing (50 x 3)                       | 01 150 (50 x 4)        | <b>01</b> 200    |  |  |
| Production cost per unit                 | 500                    | 600              |  |  |

# 4) Total production cost at 3 000 units (Rs.) <u>1 600 000</u> <u>02</u> Sales value at 3 000 units (Rs.) <u>2 240 000</u> <u>02</u> (04 Marks)

| Total cost of production : |               | Rs.                 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Product A                  | (500 x 2 000) | <b>01</b> 1 000 000 |
| Product B                  | (600 x 1 000) | <b>01</b> 600 000   |
|                            |               | 1 600 000           |
| Sales value:               | -             |                     |
| Product A                  | (700 x 2 000) | 1 400 000           |
| Product B                  | (840 x 1 000) | o1 840 000          |
|                            |               | 2 240 000           |

| Part  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | Total |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| (a)   | 03  | 02  | 02  | 03  | 10    |
| (b)   | 16  | 04  | 06  | 04  | 30    |
| Total |     |     |     |     | 40    |

(a)

(1)

Rs. 2000

|                    |                               |           |   |      |                   |                | Rs                                    |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|---|------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance /          | alance / Assets Liabilities   |           |   |      |                   | lities         | Equity                                |
| Transaction<br>No. | Property, plant and equipment | Inventory | Trade<br>receivables                    | Cash | Trade<br>payables | VAT<br>control |                                       |
| Balance as at      |                               |           |   |      |                   |                |                                       |
| 01.10.2024         | 324*                          | 250*      | 126*                                    | 120* | 150*              | 60*            | 610*                                  |
| 1                  |                               |           |   | 120  |                   |                | 120                                   |
| 2                  |                               |           |   | 20   | - 1               |                | 20                                    |
| 3                  |                               | -250      | 590                                     |      | i de Ala d        | 90             | 250                                   |
| 4                  |                               |           |   | -135 | -150              |                | 15                                    |
| 5                  |                               | 300       | <u> </u>                                |      | 354               | -54            |                                       |
| 6                  |                               | -100      |   |      |                   |                | -100                                  |
| 7                  | 100                           | -100      | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |      | 5                 |                |                                       |
| 8                  |                               | -100      |   | 177  |                   | 27             | 50                                    |
| 9                  |                               |           |   | -80  |                   |                | -80                                   |
| 10                 |                               |           | -126                                    | 120  |                   |                | -6                                    |
| 11                 |                               | 250       |   | -295 |                   | -45            | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 12                 | ,                             | -50       |   |      |                   |                | -50                                   |
| Balance as at      |                               |           |   |      |                   |                | <del></del>                           |
| 31.10.2024         | *424                          | *200      | *590                                    | *47  | *354              | *78            | *829                                  |

<sup>\*(01</sup> Mark for three balances -Maximum 02 Marks)

(25 Marks)

| (2) Statement for the computation of gross profit (Rs | s.'000) |             |      |
|---|---------|-------------|------|
| Sales   | •       | 650         | (01) |
| Opening stock   | 250     |             | _    |
| Purchases   | 550     | <b>(01)</b> |      |
| Drawings  | (100)   | <b>(01)</b> |      |
| Transferred to Property, Plant and Equipment          | (100)   | <b>01</b>   |      |
| Closing stock   | (250)   | <b>(01)</b> |      |
| Cost of sales   | . **    | 350         | -    |
| Gross profit  |         | 300         |      |

| Alternative presentation (Rs. '000): | $\bigcirc$             |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Sales                                | 650 (01)               |
| Cost of sales (250 + 100)            | <u>(350)</u> <b>04</b> |
| Gross profit                         | <u>300</u>             |
|                                      | e<br>P<br>2            |

(05 Marks)

**(b)** 

(1) Life Membership Fund A/C (Rs.)

1 980 000

| Dr.                                     |          | Cr.                                     |     |                                       |
|---|----------|---|-----|---------------------------------------|
| I&E                                     |          |   |     |                                       |
| A/C 360 000*                            | Cash A/C | 3 600 000*                              | 2   |                                       |
| B/C/F *3 240 000                        |          |   |     |                                       |
| 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 |          | * | 4   | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| 3 600 000                               |          | 3 600 000                               |     | (*0.                                  |
|   | _        |   | 03) | the                                   |

(\*01 mark for each item except the totals)

| (2) | Subscription A/C (Rs.) |            |          |             |  |
|-----|------------------------|------------|----------|-------------|--|
|     |                        | Dr.        |          | Cr.         |  |
|     | I&E<br>A/C             | 1 800 000* | Cash A/C | 1 860 000*  |  |
|     | B/C/F                  | 180 000*   | B/C/F    | 120 000* 04 |  |

(\*01 mark for each item except the totals)

| (3) |       | Donation Fu | nd A/C (Rs.)    |            |    |  |
|-----|-------|-------------|-----------------|------------|----|--|
|     |       | Dr.         |                 | Cr.        |    |  |
|     | I&E   |             |                 |            |    |  |
|     | A/C   | 500 000*    | Cash A/C        | 1 000 000* |    |  |
|     | B/C/F | *500 000    |                 |            | 03 | (*01 mark for each item except the totals) |
|     |       | 1 000 000   |                 | 1 000 000  |    |  |
|     |       |             | erig<br>Service | 45<br>122  |    | (10 Marks)                                 |

1 980 000

| Part  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | Total |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| (a)   | 25  | 05  | -   | -   | 30    |
| (b)   | 03  | 02  | 02  | 03  | 10    |
| Total |     |     |     |     | 40    |

(a) (1)

#### (i) Cash Receipts Journal

Rs.'000

|                       | Analysis |        |       |     |                  |
|-----------------------|----------|--------|-------|-----|------------------|
| Description           | Discount | Amount | Sales | VAT | Trade<br>Debtors |
| Opening trade debtors |          | 295*   |       |     | 295*             |
| Wimal Traders         | 25*      | 683*   |       |     | 683*             |
| Cash sales            |          | 236*   | 200*  | 36* |                  |
| Total                 | *25      | *1 214 | *200  | *36 | *978             |

(\*Any four items -1 mark for 13 items - maximum 3 marks)

#### (ii) Cash Payments Journal

Rs.'000

|                         | Analysis |        |                    |          |       |  |
|-------------------------|----------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|--|
| Description             | Discount | Amount | Trade<br>Creditors | Expenses | Other |  |
| Opening trade creditors |          | 118*   | 118*               |          |       |  |
| VAT control balance     |          | 27*    |                    |          | 27*   |  |
| Asoka (Pvt) Ltd         | 30*      | 796*   | 796*               |          |       |  |
| Operating expenses      |          | 500*   |                    | 500*     |       |  |
| Total                   | *30      | *1 441 | *914               | *500     | *27   |  |

(\*Any four items -1 mark for 14 items maximum 3 marks)

| iii) Sales Journal |        |       | Rs.'000 |
|--------------------|--------|-------|---------|
| Description        | Amount | Sales | VAT     |
| Wimal Traders      | 708*   | 600*  | 108*    |
| Helen (Pvt) Ltd.   | 472*   | 400*  | 72*     |
| Total              | 1 180  | 1 000 | 180     |

(\*Any three items mark for 06 items maximum 2 marks)

| (iv) Purchase Journal | Rs. 2000 |           |      |
|-----------------------|----------|-----------|------|
| Description           | Amount   | Purchases | VAT  |
| Asoka (Pvt) Ltd       | 826*     | 700*      | 126* |
| Samagi Traders        | 590*     | 500*      | 90*  |
| Total                 | 1 416    | 1 200     | 216  |

(\*Any three items -1 mark for 06 items maximum 2 marks)

(10 Marks)

# (2) Journal Entries

| Description   | Dr. (Rs.'000)  | Cr. (Rs.'000)      |
|---|--|--------------------|
| Cash Account  | 1 214  |                    |
| Sales Account   |  | 200                |
| VAT Control Account   |  | 36                 |
| Trade Debtors Control Account                                       | And the second of the second o       | 978                |
| (Posting of totals of analysis columns of the cash rec              | ceipts journal to the relevan  | t ledger accounts) |
|   |  | a n                |
| Discount Allowed Account  | 25   |                    |
| Trade Debtors Control Account                                       | <ul> <li>Section 1995 Section 2015 Annual Section 2015 Section 201</li></ul> | 25                 |
| (Posting of discount allowed to the relevant ledger a               | ccounts)   |                    |
| Trade Creditors Control Account                                     | 914  | ,                  |
| VAT Control Account   |  |                    |
| Operating Expenses Account  | 500  | S = 1              |
| Cash Account  |  | 1 441              |
| accounts) Trade Creditors Control Account Discount Received Account | 30   | 30                 |
| Discount Received Account   |  |                    |
| (Posting of discount received to the relevant ledger                | accounts)  |                    |
| Trade Debtors Control Account                                       | 1 180  |                    |
| Sales Account   |  | 1 000              |
| VAT Control Account   |  | 180                |
|   |  |                    |
| (Posting of totals of the sales journal to the relevant             | ledger accounts)   | ·                  |
| Purchases Account   | 1 200  |                    |
| VAT Control Account   | 216  |                    |
| Trade Creditors Control Account                                     | 210  | 1 416              |
| 11000 Civatori Collatt 11000all                                     |  | - ·-·              |
| d.  |  |                    |
| (Dorting of totals of the grandess in sum of to the males           | iont ladger accounts)  |                    |
| (Posting of totals of the purchase journal to the relev             | vani icugei accounts)  |                    |

(10 Marks)

#### (b) Ratios

|                            |  | 2024   |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| (1) Gross Profit Rat       | io ,                                       | <u>40%</u>   | 01   |
| WR                         |  |  | 7  |
| Gross profit               |  | 800  | 01   |
| Sales                      |  | 2 000  |  |
| (2) Net Profit Ratio       | e de la compa                              | <u>9%</u>  | 01   |
| WR                         | 1 444<br>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | **************************************   |  |
| <u>Net profit</u><br>Sales |  | $\frac{180}{2000}$   | - 01   |
|                            |  |  |  |
| (3) Inventory Turno        | over Ratio                                 | <u>6</u>   | 01   |
| WR                         |  |  | 1  |
| Cost of sales              | . 8  | <u>1 200</u>   | 01   |
| Average inventory          |  | 200  |  |
| (4) Quick Assets Ra        | tio (Times)                                | <u>1.4</u>   | <u>01</u>  |
| WR                         |  |  | ]_   |
| <u>Ouick assets</u>        |  | <u>280</u>   |  |
| Current liabilities        |  | 200  |  |
| (5) Return on Equit        | y  | <u>36%</u>   | 02   |
| WR                         |  |  |  |
| <u>Profit for the year</u> |  | <u>180</u>   | 01   |
| Equity                     |  | 500  | 01   |
| (6) Debtors' Collect       | ion Period (Days)                          | <u>45</u>  | 02   |
| WR                         | -  | The second secon |  |
| Average trade receive      | <u>ables</u>                               | $\sqrt{250*360}$   | 01   |
| Sales                      |  | 2 000  | A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH |

# (7) Debt Ratio

33.3% (02)

| WR<br>Long-term debt |   | 250 O1 |
|----------------------|---|--------|
| Total capital        | Straight Str  | 750 01 |
|                      | $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = \partial $ |        |

(10 Marks)

(c)

| (1)                    | - 1-        |                                       | 1 - 2 - 4 - 4                         | 2.1 6 5. 68                           | was an art of the | Rs.'000 |
|------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|
| Year                   | 0           | 1                                     | 2                                     | 3                                     | 4                 | 5       |
| Cash inflows           |             |                                       |                                       |                                       |                   | -       |
| Sales income           |             | 3 500                                 | 4 000                                 | 4.500                                 | 3 900             | 3.000   |
| Residual value         |             |                                       |                                       | Υ                                     |                   | 500     |
| Total cash inflows     | 0           | 3 500                                 | 4 000                                 | 4 500                                 | 3 900             | 3 500   |
| Cash outflows          |             |                                       |                                       |                                       |                   |         |
| Cost of the machine    | 2 500       | (01)                                  |                                       |                                       |                   |         |
| Direct operating cost  |             | 1 750                                 | 2 000                                 | 2 250                                 | 1 950             | 1 500   |
|                        |             |                                       |                                       | Υ                                     |                   |         |
| Indirect cost          | l           | 700                                   | 700                                   | 700                                   | 700               | 700     |
| Total cash outflows    | 2 500       | 2 450                                 | 2 700                                 | 2 950                                 | 2 650             | 2 200   |
|                        |             |                                       |                                       |                                       |                   |         |
| Net cash flow          | (2 500)     | 1 050                                 | 1 300                                 | 1 550                                 | 1 250             | 1 300   |
| (2)                    |             |                                       | <u> </u>                              |                                       | <u> </u>          | Rs.'000 |
| Net present value      | 02          |                                       |                                       |                                       | ,                 | 2 353   |
| Discounting factor 10% |             | 0.91                                  | 0.83                                  | 0.75                                  | 0.68              | 0.62    |
| Present value          |             | 956                                   | 1079                                  | 1163                                  | 850               | 806     |
| ÷.                     | <del></del> | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | . <del>•</del>                        |                                       | 01                | 4 853   |
| Cost of the machine    | ry I        |                                       |                                       |                                       |                   | (2 500) |
| Net present value      |             |                                       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                                       |                   | 2 353   |
| TYCE PICSOIL VALUE     |             | <del></del>                           |                                       | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                   |         |

(10 Marks)

| Part  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7)      | Total |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-------|
| (a)   | 10  | 10  | _   | -   | -   | -   | <b>-</b> | 20    |
| (b)   | 01  | 01  | 01  | 01  | 02  | 02  | 02       | 10    |
| (c)   | 07  | 02  | 01  | -   | -   | -   | -        | 10    |
| Total |     |     |     |     |     |     |          | 40    |

(a) (1)

Lal and Piyal Partnership

| Income Statement for the | year ending 31.03.2024 |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
|--------------------------|------------------------|

| income Statement for the year ending 31. | U3.ZUZ4         |                   |      |      | atoms of the |      |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|------|------|--------------|------|
|  |                 | (Rs. 000)         | _    |      | *Both items  | (01) |
| Sales                                    |                 | 15 400*           |      |      |              |      |
| Cost of sales                            |                 | (5 400)           | (03) | WR1  |              |      |
| Gross profit                             | 01              | 10 000            |      |      |              |      |
| Administrative expenses                  |                 | (2 900)           | (03) | WR2  | er e         |      |
| Distribution expenses                    |                 | (2 200)*          |      |      |              |      |
| Other expenses                           |                 | (100)             | (02) | WR 3 |              |      |
| Loan interest                            |                 | (100)             | (01) |      |              |      |
| Net profit                               |                 | <b>(01)</b> 4 700 |      |      |              |      |
| Interest on capital:                     |                 | 0.5               | 2    |      |              |      |
| Lal                                      | 400(            | <b>b1</b> )       |      |      |              |      |
| Piyal                                    | 200(            | <b>01</b> 600     |      |      |              |      |
| Salaries:                                |                 |                   |      |      | •            |      |
| Lal                                      | 1 200(          | 01)               |      |      |              |      |
| Piyal                                    | 1 200           |                   |      |      |              |      |
| Profit share:                            |                 |                   |      |      |              |      |
| Lal                                      | <b>01</b> )850  |                   |      |      |              |      |
| Piyal                                    | <b>(01)</b> 850 |                   |      |      |              |      |
| J  | 3300            | 1 700             |      |      |              |      |
|  |                 | 1 100             | _1   |      |              |      |

(18 marks)

| WR 1 - Cost of | sales (Rs.'000) |              |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Balance        | •               | 6 000        |
| Drawings (300+ | 200)            | (500) 02     |
| Donations      |                 | (100) O1     |
|                |                 | <u>5 400</u> |

| WR 2 – Adm              | inistrative Expenses (Rs.'000) |                          |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Balance<br>Salary - Lal | . 1*                           | 3 800<br>(600) <b>01</b> |
| Salary - Piya           |                                | (1 300) 01               |
| Bonus                   |                                | 1 000 o1<br>2 900        |

| WR 3 Other Expenses (Rs.    | (000)                                    | Terror and a second |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------|
| D-1                         |  | 600 (400)           |
| Interest on capital - Piyal |  | (200)               |
| Donation                    | erich<br>Normalischer Gerichte<br>Willer | 100 01              |
|                             |  | 100                 |

**(2)** 

|              | Capital Accounts |                  |       |       | Rs'.000 |             |       |       |                  |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------------|-------|-------|------------------|
|              |                  | Lal              | Piyal | Kamal |         |             | Lal   | Piyal | Kamal            |
| Goodwill     |                  | 800              | 800   | 800_  | 01      | Balance B/F | 4 000 | 2 000 |                  |
| Balance C/F* | (                | <b>12</b> )4 400 | 2 400 | 200   |         | Bonus       |       |       | 1 000 <b>(01</b> |
|              |                  | _                |       |       |         | Goodwill    | 1 200 | 1 200 | (01              |
|              |                  | 5 200            | 3 200 | 1 000 |         |             | 5 200 | 3 200 | 1 000            |

<sup>\*</sup>Three balances -02 marks, 2 balances -01 Mark

| Current Accounts Rs.'C |       |                             |       |                     |                   |       | Rs.'000 |
|------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|---------------------|-------------------|-------|---------|
| :                      | Lal   | Piyal                       | Kamal |                     | Lal               | Piyal | Kamal   |
| Goods drawings         | 300   | 200                         | (01)  | Balance B/F         | 700               | 100   |         |
| Salaries paid (01      | 600   | 1300                        |       | Interest on loan    | <b>(01)</b> 100   | · .   |         |
|                        | /     |                             | 1     | Interest on capital | <b>(01)</b> 400   | 200   |         |
|                        |       | in Mark Minimal Area.<br>An |       | Salary              | <b>(01)</b> 1,200 | 1 200 |         |
| Balance C/F (01)       | 2 350 | 850                         |       | Profit share        | <b>(01)</b> 850   | 850   |         |
|                        |       |                             |       |                     |                   |       |         |
|                        | 3 250 | 2 350                       | 0     |                     | 3 250             | 2 350 | 0       |

(12 Marks)

**(b)** 

(1) Cash Account (Rs.)

|                                       | Dr.     |   | Cr.                 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---|---------------------|
|                                       |         | Standing order                          |                     |
| Balance B/F                           | 35.800  | payment                                 | 25 000*             |
| Reversal of a cheque payment          | .:      |   |                     |
| recorded twice                        | *000 8  | Bank charges                            | 1 000*              |
| Direct remittance                     | 60 000* | <del>-</del> .                          |                     |
| ÷ .                                   |         | Revised                                 | Q1-1-000            |
| Dishonored cheque                     | 25 000* | Balance C/F                             | <b>(01)</b> 174 800 |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 200 800 | 第二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十 | 200 800             |

\*01 mark for each item, maximum (05)

(06 Marks)

(2) Bank Reconciliation Statement (Rs.)

| Revised balance of cash account as at 31.12.2023 | 01) | 174 800  |      |
|--|-----|----------|------|
| Add:   |     | 171000   |      |
| Cheques issued but not presented for             |     |          |      |
| payment  |     | 50 000 ( | (01) |
| Less:  |     |          | (    |
| Cheques deposited but not realised               |     | 45 000   | 01)  |
|  |     |          |      |
| Bank statement balance as at 31.12.2023          | (1) | 179 800  |      |
|  | W.  |          | •    |

(04 Marks)

Question No. 5

| Part  | (1) | (2) | Total |
|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| (a)   | 18  | 12  | 30    |
| (b)   | 06  | .04 | 10    |
| Total |     |     | 40    |

(a)

# Deshani PLC Statement of Cash Flows for the year ending 31.03.2024 (Rs. 000)

|   | (KS. 000)                         | , which is the second of the s |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
|   |                                   |  |
| Cash flows from operating activities:       | # 1 <sup>2</sup>                  |  |
| Profit before tax                           | 5 500                             | WR1  |
| Adjustments:                                | ·                                 |  |
| Depreciation:                               | ndi.<br>O <del>g</del> kole andi. | **************************************   |
| Property, plant and equipment               | 2 800                             | 01)  |
| Right-of-use assets                         | 1 400                             | (ii)   |
| Interest expense                            | 900                               | (01)   |
| Gain on disposal of a motor vehicle         | (800)                             | (01)   |
| • .   | 9 800                             |  |
|   |                                   |  |
| Changes in working capital:                 |                                   |  |
| Increase in Inventory                       | (2 100)*                          | ***************************************  |
| Increase in Trade receivables               | (3 250)*                          | *All 3 items, 02 marks,  |
| Decrease in Trade payables                  | (1 000)*                          | items 01 mark  |
|   | ,                                 | <u> </u>   |
| Interest paid                               | (900)                             | 01)  |
| Tax paid                                    | (1 050)                           | (01) WR2   |
| 1   | <u> </u>                          |  |
|   |                                   | **All 3 headings with values 02 marks, 2   |
| Net cash flows from operating activities**  | 1 500                             | headings with values, 01   |
|   |                                   | mark   |
| Cash flows from investment activities       |                                   |  |
| Purchase of a machine                       | (9 150)                           | (02) WR3   |
| Proceeds from disposal of a motor vehicle   | 3 400                             | (01) WR4   |
| Initial payment -right-of-use assets        | <u>(1 000)</u>                    | (02) WR5   |
| Net cash flows from investment activities** | (6 750)                           | igcup  |
|   |                                   |  |
| Cash flows from financing activities        |                                   |  |
| Lease instalment                            | (2 000)                           | (01) WR6   |
| Issue of shares                             | 8 500                             | (01)   |
| Interim dividends                           | <u>(850)</u>                      | (01) WR7   |
| Net cash flows from financing activities**  | 5 650                             |  |
|   |                                   |  |
|   |                                   |  |
| Net cash inflows for the period             | <b>(01)</b> 400                   |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at 01.04.2024  | 1 100                             |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at 31.03.2024  | 1 500                             | [01]   |
|   |                                   | (20 Marks)   |

| WR 1 Profit before tax       5 500         Profit after tax       4 300         Tax expense       1 200         WR 2 Income Tax       2 300         Payable       3 300         Balance as at 01.04.2023       550         Tax expense       1 200         Balance as at 31.03.2024       (700)  |
|--|
| Profit after tax 4 300 <b>Tax expense</b> 1 200  WR 2 Income Tax  Payable  Balance as at 01.04.2023 550  Tax expense 1 200  Balance as at 31.03.2024 (700)   |
| Tax expense       1 200         WR 2 Income Tax       Payable         Balance as at 01.04.2023       550         Tax expense       1 200         Balance as at 31.03.2024       (700)  |
| WR 2 Income Tax Payable Balance as at 01.04.2023  Tax expense Balance as at 31.03.2024  550 1 200 (700)  |
| Payable         Balance as at 01.04.2023       550         Tax expense       1 200         Balance as at 31.03.2024       (700)  |
| Payable         Balance as at 01.04.2023       550         Tax expense       1 200         Balance as at 31.03.2024       (700)  |
| Balance as at 01.04.2023  Tax expense Balance as at 31.03.2024  550 1 200 (700)  |
| Tax expense Balance as at 31.03.2024  1 200   01   01   01   01   01   01   01   |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024 (700)   |
|  |
| T  |
| Income tax paid 1050   |
| The state of the s |
| WR 3 Property, Plant   |
| and Equipment  |
| Balance as at 31.03.2023 19 750  |
| Disposal of a motor  |
| vehicle (2 600) o1   |
| Depreciation (2.900)   |
| 14 350 01  |
| Purchase of a machine 9 150  |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024 23 500  |

| WR 4 Disposal of a motor vehicle | ·                 |   |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Carrying amount                  | 2 600             |   |
| Gain on disposal                 | <u>800</u> 01     |   |
| Sales proceeds                   | 3 400             |   |
|                                  |                   |   |
| WR 5 Right-of-use assets         | rt de 1           |   |
| Balance as at 31.03.2023         | 7 000             | _ |
| PV of lease payments             | 5 400 01          |   |
| Depreciation                     | (1 400) <b>01</b> |   |
|                                  | 11 000            | _ |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024         | 12 000            | 4 |
| Initial payment                  | 1 000             |   |
| `                                |                   |   |
| WR 6 Lease liability             |                   |   |
| Balance as at 01.04.2023         | 5 500             |   |
| PV of minimum lease payment      | <u>5 400</u>      |   |
|                                  | 10 900            |   |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024         | <u>8 900</u>      |   |
| Capital repayment                | <u>2 000</u>      |   |
|                                  |                   |   |
| WR 7 Retained Earnings           |                   |   |
| Balance as at 01.04.2023         | 6 450             |   |
| Profit for the year              | 4 300             |   |
| Capitalization of reserves       | (2 500)           |   |
| _                                | 8 250             |   |
| Balance as at 31.03.2024         | 7 400             |   |
| Interim dividend                 | <b>850</b>        |   |
| Interim dividend                 | <u>850</u>        |   |

Ø)

**(b)** 

|                    |   | 150,000 (04)                 |
|--------------------|---|------------------------------|
| (1)                | Total fixed cost                          | 150 000                      |
| WR1                | Cost of gifts                             | 30 000 01                    |
|                    | Cost of hiring chairs and decoration      | 40 000 01                    |
|                    | Ground preparing cost                     | 25 000 01                    |
|                    | Cost of food for guests                   | 55 000 01                    |
|                    |   |                              |
| (2)                | Variable cost per student                 | <u>4 500</u> (03)            |
| WR2                | Cost of sports uniform                    | 4 000 01                     |
|                    | Cost of a food pack                       | 400 01                       |
|                    | Cost of printing a certificate of         |                              |
|                    | participation                             | 100 01                       |
|                    |   |                              |
| (3)                | No. of students require to participate to | 50 (03)                      |
|                    | cover the total cost if Rs.7 500 per      |                              |
|                    | student is charged                        |                              |
| WR3                | Fixed Cost/ Contribution                  | 01 150 000/ 7 500 - 4 500    |
|                    |   | 01                           |
|                    |   |                              |
| (4)                | Surplus from the event if all students    |                              |
|                    | participate in the event and Rs.7 500     |                              |
|                    | per student is charged                    | 60 000 (04)                  |
| WR4                | Amount to be charged                      | 525 000 01                   |
|                    | Total variable cost                       | <b>01</b> (315 000)          |
|                    | Total contribution                        | 01 210 000                   |
|                    | Fixed cost                                | o <sub>1</sub> (150 000)     |
|                    | ×   | 60 000                       |
|                    |   |                              |
| (5)                | Margin of safety                          | <u>25</u> (03)               |
| ## / E / E / E / E | Fixed cost/ Contribution 01               | 150,000/0,500                |
| WR5                | Tixed cost/ Conditudion                   | 1130 000/ 9 300 - 4 300 - 30 |
|                    | No. of students participate to break even | 30                           |
|                    | No. of students expected to participate   | 55 01                        |
|                    | Margin of safety (55-30)                  | 25                           |

(6) Amount to be charged per student to cover the total cost if a donation of Rs.45 000 is received and 60 students participate in the sports meet

|     | Rs.45 000 is received and 60 students participate in the sports meet | 6250 $03$                 |
|-----|--|---------------------------|
| WR6 | Fixed cost   | 150 000                   |
|     | Donation   | (45 000) o1               |
| -   |  | 105 000                   |
|     | Total variable cost  | (4 500*60) <u>270 000</u> |
|     | Total cost   | 375 000                   |
|     | No. of students  | 60 01                     |
|     |  | 375 000 / 60 = 6 250      |

(20 Marks)

| Part  | (1) | (2)      | (3)        | (4) | (5) | (6) | Total |
|-------|-----|----------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| (a)   | 20  | <b>-</b> | <b>i</b> m | -   | 1   | -   | 20    |
| (b)   | 04  | 03       | 03         | 04  | 03  | 03  | 20    |
| Total |     |          |            |     |     |     | 40    |